



QUIET TALKS ON
POWER
S·D·GORDON



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QUIET TALKS ON POWER

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QUIET TALKS ON POWER

BY

S. D. GORDON



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A PERSONAL OPINION

IT has never been my pleasure to meet S. D. Gordon, but I know him by the marks he has made upon universities, towns and cities which I visited soon after he had given the talks which compose this book. A prominent minister first talked to me an hour about the change that had come into his life since he heard them given in a great summer Bible School. Later, I heard university professors speaking of the profound impression that his talks on power had made upon the student life. One professor told me that the first talk, although given in a quiet manner and in simple language, was like a merciless searchlight revealing the plague spots of sin in the professor's own life, until a cry to God for relief brought forgiveness and peace. I begged a young student in the University to sell

A PERSONAL OPINION

me his copy of "Quiet Talks on Power." I have carried it around the world with me and have loaned it to all kinds of people, and the one verdict has been, "a remarkable book and so different from any other."

I showed it to Dr Torrey on board ship, and I could not get it from him until both he and his wife had finished it. He immediately wrote to America to have Mr Gordon engaged for lectures at the Moody Bible Institute in Chicago.

If my humble opinion is worth anything, I advise Christians everywhere to read it and enlist all others to do the same.

CHARLES M. ALEXANDER.

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CHOKED CHANNELS

An Odd Distinction.

A few years ago I was making a brief tour among the colleges of Missouri. I remember one morning going over from the hotel to take breakfast with some of the boys, and coming back with one of the fellows whom I had just met. As we walked along, chatting away, I asked him quietly, "Are you a Christian, sir?" He turned and looked at me with an odd expression in his eye, and said: "Well, I'm a member of Church, but I don't believe I'm very much of a Christian." Then I looked at him. Then he frankly volunteered a little information. Not very much. He did not need to, (You can see a large field through a chink in the fence.) And I saw enough to let me know that he was right in the criticism he had made upon himself.

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We talked a bit and parted. But his remark set me to thinking.

A week later, in another town, speaking one morning to the students of a young ladies' seminary, I said afterwards to one of the teachers as we were talking: "Are your girls all Christians?" That same quizzical look came into her eye as she said: "I think they are all members of Church, but I do not think they are all Christians with real power in their lives." There was that same odd distinction.

A few weeks later, in Kansas City, visiting the medical and dental schools, I recall distinctly standing one morning in a disordered room—shavings on the floor, desks disarranged—the institution just moving into new quarters, and not yet settled. I was discussing with a member of the faculty, the dean I think, about how many the room would hold, how soon it would be ready, and so on—just a business talk, nothing

AN ODD DISTINCTION

more — when he turned to me rather abruptly, looking me full in the face, and said with quiet deliberation: “I’m a member of Church; I *think* I am a deacon in our Church” — running his hand through his hair meditatively, as though to refresh his memory — “but I am not very much of a Christian, sir.” The smile that started to come into my face at the odd frankness of his remark was completely chased away by the distinct touch of pathos in both face and voice that seemed to speak of a hungry, unsatisfied heart within.

Perhaps it was a month or so later, in one of the mining towns down in the zinc belt of south-western Missouri, I was to speak to a meeting of men. There were probably five or six hundred gathered in a Methodist Church. They were strangers to me. I was in doubt what best to say to them. I dislike to fire ammunition at people that are absent. So stepping down to a front

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pew where several ministers were seated, I asked one of them to run his eye over the house and tell me what sort of a congregation it was, so far as he knew them. He did so, and presently replied: "I think fully two-thirds of these men are members of our Churches"—and then, with that same quizzical half-laughing look, he added, "but you know, sir, as well as I do, that not half of them are Christians worth counting." "Well," I said to myself, astonished, "this is a mining camp; this certainly is not anything like the condition of affairs in the country generally."

But that series of incidents, coming one after the other in such rapid succession, set me thinking intently about that strange distinction between being members of a Church on the one hand, and on the other, living lives that count and tell and weigh for Jesus Christ seven days in the week. I knew that ministers had been recognising such a distinction,

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but to find it so freely acknowledged by folks in the pew was new, and surely significant.

And so I thought I would just ask the friends here to-day very frankly "What kind of Christians are you?" I do not say what kind you are, for I am a stranger, and do not know, and would only think the best things of you. But I ask you frankly, honestly now, as I ask myself anew, what kind are you? Do you know? Because it makes such a difference. (The Master's plan) and what a genius of a plan it is—is this, that the world should be won, not by the preachers—though we must have these men of God for leadership—but by everyone who knows the story of Jesus *telling someone*, and telling not only with His lips earnestly and tactfully, but even more, *telling with His life*. That is the Master's plan of campaign for this world. And it makes a great difference to Him and to the

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world outside whether you and I are living the story of His love and power among men or not.

Do you *know* what kind of a Christian you are? There are at least three others that do. First of all there is Satan. He knows. Many of our Church officers are skilled in gathering and compiling statistics, but they cannot hold a tallow dip to Satan in this matter of exact information. He is the ablest of all statisticians, second only to one other. He keeps careful record of every one of us, and knows just how far we are interfering with his plans. He knows that some of us—good, respectable people, as common reckoning goes—neither help God nor hinder Satan. Does that sound rather hard? But is it not true? He has no objection to such people being counted in as Christians. Indeed, he rather prefers to have it so. Their presence inside the Church circle helps him mightily. *He*

AN ODD DISTINCTION

knows what kind of a Christian you are. Do *you* know?

Then there is the great outer circle of non-Christian people — *they know*. Many of them are poorly informed regarding the Christian life; hungry for something they have not, and know not just what it is; with high ideals, though vague, of what a Christian life should be. And they look eagerly to us for what they have thought we had, and are so often keenly disappointed that our ideals, our life, is so much like others who profess nothing. And when here and there they meet one whose acts are dominated by a pure, high spirit, whose faces reflect a sweet radiance amid all circumstances, and whose lives send out a rare fragrance of gladness and kindness and controlling peace, they are quick to recognise that, to them, intangible something that makes such people different. The world—tired, hungry, keen and critical for mere sham, appre-

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ciative of the real thing—the world knows what kind of Christians we are. Do *we* know?

There is a third one watching us to-day with intense interest. The Lord Jesus! Sitting up yonder in glory, with the scar-marks of earth on face and form, looking eagerly down upon us who stand for Him in the world that crucified Him—*He knows*. I imagine Him saying, "There is that one down there whom I died for, who bears my name; *if* I had the *control* of that life what power I would gladly breathe in and out of it, but—he is *so absorbed in other things*." The Master is thinking about you, studying your life, longing to carry out His plan if He could only get permission, and sorely disappointed in many of us. He knows. Do *you* know?

THE NIGHT VISITOR

The Night Visitor.

After that trip I became much interested in discovering in John's Gospel some striking pictorial illustrations of these two kinds of Christians, namely, those who have power in their lives for Jesus Christ and those who have not. Let me speak of only a few of these. The first is sketched briefly in the third chapter, with added touches in the seventh and nineteenth chapters. There is a little descriptive phrase used each time—"the man who came to Jesus by night." That comes to be in John's mind the most graphic and sure way of identifying this man. A good deal of criticism, chiefly among the upper classes, had already been aroused by Jesus' acts and words. This man Nicodemus clearly was deeply impressed by the young preacher from up in Galilee. He wants to find out more of him. But he shrank back from exposing himself

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to criticism by these influential people for his possible friendship with the young radical, as Jesus was regarded. So one day he waits until the friendly shadows will conceal his identity, and slipping quietly along the streets, close up to the houses so as to insure his purpose of not being recognised, he goes up yonder side street where Jesus has lodgings. He knocks timidly. "Does the preacher from up the north way stop here?" "Yes." "Could I see him?" He steps in and spent an evening in earnest conversation. I think we will all readily agree that Nicodemus *believed* Jesus after that night's interview, however he may have failed to understand all He said. Yes, we can say much more—he *loved* Him. For after the cruel crucifixion it is this man that brings a box of very precious spices, weighing as much as a hundred pounds, worth, without question, a large sum of money, with which to embalm the dead body of his friend.

THE NIGHT VISITOR

Ah! he loved Him. No one may question that.

But turn now to the seventh chapter of John. There is being held a special session of the Jewish Senate in Jerusalem for the express purpose of determining how to silence Jesus—to get rid of Him. This man is a member of that body, and is present. Yonder he sits with the others, listening while his friend Jesus is being discussed and His removal—by force if need be—is being plotted. What does he do? What would you expect of a friend of Jesus under such circumstances? I wonder what you and I would have done? Does he say modestly, but plainly, “I spent a whole evening with this man, questioning Him, talking with Him, listening to Him. I feel quite sure that He is our promised Messiah; and I have decided to accept Him as such.” Did he say that? That would have been the simple truth. But such a remark plainly would have aroused

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a storm of criticism, and he dreaded that. Yet he felt that something should be said. So, lawyer-like, he puts the case abstractedly. "Hmm — does our law judge a man without giving him a fair hearing?" That sounds fair, though it does seem rather feeble in face of their determined opposition. But near by sits a burly Pharisee, who turns sharply around and, glaring savagely at Nicodemus, says sneeringly: "Who are you? Do you come from Galilee, too? Look and see! No prophet comes out of Galilee" — with intensest contempt in the tone with which he pronounces the word Galilee. And poor Nicodemus seems to shrink back into half his former size, and has not another word to say, though all the facts, easily ascertainable, were upon his side of the case. He loved Jesus without doubt, but he had *no power* for Him among men *because of his timidity*. Shall I use a plainer, though uglier, word — his cow-

THE NIGHT VISITOR

ardice? That is not a pleasant word to apply to a man. But is it not the true word here? He was so afraid of what *they* would think and say! Is that the sort of Christian *you* are? Believing Jesus, trusting Him, saved by Him, loving Him, but shrinking back from speaking out for Him, tactfully, plainly, when opportunity presents or can be made. A Christian, but without positive power for Him among men because of cowardice!

I can scarcely imagine Nicodemus walking down the street in Jerusalem, arm in arm with another Pharisee-member of the Sanhedrin and saying to him quietly, but earnestly: "Have you had a talk with this young man Jesus?" "No, indeed, I have not!" "Well, do you know, I spent an evening with Him down at His stopping place, and had a long, careful talk with Him. I am quite satisfied that He is our long-looked-for leader; I have decided to give Him my personal allegiance; won't you get personally

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acquainted with Him? He is a wonderful man." I say I have difficulty in thinking that this man worked for Jesus like that. And yet what more natural and proper, both for him and for us? And what a difference it might have made in many a man's life. *Powerless* for Jesus because of timidity! Is that the kind *you* are? Possibly some one thinks that rather hard on this man. Maybe you are thinking of that other member of the Sanhedrin—Joseph of Arimathea—who was also a follower of Jesus, and that quite possibly he may have been influenced by Nicodemus. Let us suppose, for Nicodemus' sake, that this is so, and then mark the brief record of this man Joseph in John's account: "A disciple *secretly* for *fear* of the Jews." If we may fairly presume that it was Nicodemus' influence that led his friend Joseph to follow Jesus, yet he had led him no nearer than he himself had gone! He *could* lead him no higher or nearer than that.

TIGHTLY TIED UP

John in his gospel makes plain the fact that Jesus suffered much from these secret, timid, cowardly disciples whose fear of men gripped them as in a vice. Five times he makes special mention of these people who believed Jesus, but cravenly feared to line up with Him.¹ He even says that *many* of the *rulers*—the very class that plotted and voted His death—believed Jesus, but that *fear of the others* shut their lips and drove them into the shadow when they could have helped Him most. These people seemed to have left numerous descendants, many of whom continue with us unto this day.

Tightly Tied Up.

Turn now to the eleventh chapter and you will find another pictorial suggestion of this same sort of *powerless Christian*, though in this instance made so by another reason. The scene is just out

¹ John iii. 1; vii. 50; xii. 42 with ix. 22; xix. 38, 39.

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of Bethany village. There is a man lying dead in the cave yonder. Here stands Jesus. There are the disciples, and Martha, and Mary, and the villagers, and a crowd from Jerusalem. The Master is speaking. His voice rings out clear and commanding—"Lazarus, come forth"—speaking to a dead man. And the simple record runs—"He that was dead"—life comes between those two lines of the record—"came forth, bound hand and foot with grave cloths, and his face was bound about with a napkin." Will you please take a look at Lazarus as he steps from the tomb? Do you think his eyes are dull, or his cheeks hollow and pale? I think not! When Jesus, the Lord of life, gives life, either physical or spiritual, He gives abundant life. That face may have been a bit spare. There had been no food for at least four days and likely longer. But there is the flash of health in his eye and the ruddy hue of good blood in his cheek. He has life. But look closer. He is

TIGHTLY TIED UP

bound hand and foot and face. He can neither walk nor work nor speak.

I have met some Christian people who reminded me forcibly of that scene. They are Christians. The Master has spoken life, and they have responded to His word. But they are so tied up with the grave cloths, of the old life that there can be none of the power of free action in life or service. May I ask you very kindly, but very plainly, are you like that? Is that the reason you have so little power with God, and for God? Perhaps someone would say, "Just what do you mean?" I mean this: that there may be some personal habit of yours, or perhaps some society custom which you practise, or it may be some business method, or possibly an old friendship which you have carried over into the new life from the old that is seriously hindering your Christian life. It may be something that goes into your mouth or comes out of it that prevents those lips speaking

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for the Master. Perhaps it is some organisation you belong to. If there is lack of freedom and power for Christ you may be sure there is *something* that is blighting your life and dwarfing your usefulness. It may possibly be that practically in your daily life you are exerting no more power for God than a dead man! A Christian, indeed, but *without power because of compromise* with something questionable or outrightly wrong! Is that so with you? I do not say it is, for I do not know. But *you* know. The hungry, critical world knows. Subtle, keen Satan knows. The Lord Jesus knows. Do you know if that describes you? You may know with certainty within twenty-four hours if you wish to and will to. May we be willing to have the Spirit's searchlight turned in upon us to-night.

THE MASTER'S IDEAL

The Master's Ideal.

There is another kind of Christian, an utterly different kind, spoken of and illustrated in this same Gospel of John, and I doubt not many of them also are here. It is *Jesus' ideal* of what a Christian should be. Have you sometimes wished you could have a few minutes of quiet talk with Jesus? I mean face to face, as two of us might sit and talk together. You have thought you would ask Him to say very simply and plainly just what He expects of you. Well, I believe He would answer in words something like those of this seventh chapter of John. It was at the time of Feast of Tabernacles. There was a vast multitude of Jews there from all parts of the world. It was like an immense convention, but larger than any convention we know. The people were not entertained in the homes, but lived for seven days in leafy booths made of branches of trees. It was

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the last day of the feast. There was a large concourse of people gathered in one of the temple areas ; not women, but men ; not sitting, but standing. Up yonder stand the priests, pouring water out of large jars, to symbolize the outpouring of the Holy Spirit upon the nation of Israel. Just then Jesus speaks, and amid the silence of the intently watching throng His voice rings out : " If any man thirst let him come unto Me and drink ; he that believeth on Me, as the Scripture saith, *out of his belly shall flow rivers of living water.*" Mark that significant closing clause. That packs into a sentence Jesus' ideal of what a true Christian down in this world should be, and may be. Every word is full of meaning.

The heart of the sentence is in the last word—"water." *Water* is an essential of life. Absence of water means suffering and sickness, dearth and death. Plenty of good water means *life*. All the history of the world clusters about the water

THE MASTER'S IDEAL

courses. Study the history of the rivers, the sea shores, and lake edges, and you know the history of the earth. Those men who heard Jesus speak would instinctively think of the Jordan. It was their river. Travellers say that no valley exceeded in beauty and fruitfulness that valley of the Jordan, made so by those swift waters. No hillside so fair in their green beauty, nor so wealthy in heavy loads of fruit as those sloping down to the edge of that stream. Now plainly Jesus is talking of something that may, through us, exert as decided an influence upon the lives of those we touch as water has exerted, and still exerts, on the history of the earth, and as this Jordan did in that wonderful, historic Palestine. Mark the quantity of water—"rivers." Not a Jordan merely, that would be wonderful enough, but Jordans—a Jordan, and a Nile, and a Euphrates, a Yang Tse Kiang, and an Olga and a Rhine, a Seine and a Thames, and a Hudson and an Ohio—"rivers." Notice

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too, the *kind* of water. Like this racing, turbulent, muddy Jordan? No, no! "rivers of *living* water," "water of *life*, clear as crystal." You remember in Ezekiel's vision that the waters constantly increased in depth, and that everywhere they went there was healing, and abundant life, and prosperity, and beauty, and food, and a continual harvest the year round, and all because of the waters of the river. They were veritable waters of life.

Now mark that little, but very significant, phrase—" *Out of*"—not *into*, but "out of." All the difference in the lives of men lies in the difference between these two expressions. "Into" is the world's preposition. Every stream turns in; and that means a *dead sea*. Many a man's life is simply the circumference of a dead sea. "Out of" is the Master's word. His thought is of others. The stream must flow in, and must flow through, if it is to flow out, but it is judged by its direction, and Jesus would turn it outward. There

THE MASTER'S IDEAL

must be good connections upward, and a clear channel inward, but the objective point is outward towards a parched earth. But before it can flow out it must *fill up*. An *outflow* in this case means an *overflow*. There must be a flooding inside before there can be a flowing out. And let the fact be carefully marked that it is only the overflow from the fulness within our own lives that brings refreshing to anyone else. A man praying at a conference in England for the outpouring of the Holy Spirit said : "O, Lord, we can't hold much, but we can overflow lots." That is exactly the Master's thought. "Out of his belly shall flow rivers of living water."

Do you remember that phrase in the third chapter of Joshua—"For Jordan overfloweth all its banks all the time of harvest." When there was a flood in the river, there was a harvest in the land. Has there been a harvest in your life? A harvest of the fruit of the spirit—love, joy, peace, long-suffering ; a harvest

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of souls? "No," do you say, "not much of a harvest, I am afraid," or it may be your heart says "none at all." It is not hard to tell why—there has been no flood-tide in your heart, no filling up from above until the blessed stream had to find an outlet somewhere, and produce a harvest. A harvest outside means a rising of the tide inside. A flooding of the heart always brings a harvest in the life. A few years ago there were great floods in the southern states, and the cotton and corn crops following were unprecedented. Paul reminded his Roman friends that when the Holy Spirit has free swing in the life "the love of God *floods* our hearts."¹

Please notice, too, the *source* of the stream—"out of his belly." Will you observe for a moment the rhetorical figure here? I used to suppose it meant "out of his *heart*." The ancients, you remember, thought the heart lay down in the abdominal region. But you will find that

¹ Rom. v. 5.

THE MASTER'S IDEAL

this book is very exact in its use of words. The blood is the life. The heart pumps the blood, but the stomach makes it. The seat of life is not in the heart, but in the stomach. If you will take down a book of physiology, and find the chart showing the circulation of the blood, you will see a wonderful network of lines spreading out in every direction, but all running, through lighter lines into heavier, and still blacker, until every line converges in the great stomach artery. *And everywhere the blood goes there is life.* Now turn to a book of physical geography and get a map showing the water system of some great valley like the Mississippi, and you will find a striking reproduction of the other chart. And if you will shut your eyes and imagine the reality back of that chart, you will see hundreds of cool, clear springs flowing successively into runs, brooks, creeks, larger streams, river branches, rivers, and finally into the great river—the reservoir of all. *And everywhere*

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the waters go there is life. The only difference between these two streams of life is in the direction. The blood flows from the largest toward the smallest ; the water flows from the smallest toward the largest. Both bring life with its accompaniments of beauty and vigour and fruitfulness. There is Jesus' picture of the Christian down in the world. As the red stream flows out from the stomach, and propelled by the force-pump of the heart, through a marvellous network of minute rivers takes life to every part of the body, so " he that believeth on Me "—that is the vital connecting link with the great origin of this stream of life—out of the very source of life within him shall go *a flood-tide of life*, bringing refreshing, and cleansing, and beauty, and vigour everywhere within the circle of his life, even though, like the red streams and the water streams, he be unconscious of it.

AN UNLIKELY CHANNEL

An Unlikely Channel.

What a marvellous conception of the power of life ! How strikingly it describes Jesus' own earthly life ! But there is something more marvellous still—He means that ideal to become real in you, my friend, and in me. I doubt not there are some here whose eager hearts are hungry for just such a life, but who are tremblingly conscious of their own weakness. Your thoughts are saying : “ I wish I *could* live such a life, but certainly this is not for *me* ; this man talking doesn't know *me*—no special talent or opportunity : such strong tides of temptation that sweep me clean off my feet—not for me.” Ah, my friend, I verily believe you are the very one the Master had in mind, for He had John put into his gospel a living illustration of this ideal of His that goes down to the very edge of human unlikeliness and inability. He goes down to the lowest so as to include all. What

CHOKED CHANNELS

proved true in this case may prove true with you, and much more. The story is in the fourth chapter. It is a sort of advance page of the Book of Acts. A sample of the power of Pentecost before the day of Pentecost. You and I live on the flood-side of Pentecost. This illustration belongs back where the streams had only just commenced trickling. It is a miniature. You and I may furnish the life size if we will.

It is the story of a woman ; not a man, but a woman. One of the *weaker* sex, so called. She was ignorant, prejudiced, and without social standing. She was a woman of no reputation. Aye, worse than that, of bad reputation. She probably had less moral influence in her town than anyone here has in his circle. Could a more unlikely person have been used ? But she came in touch with the Lord Jesus. She yielded herself to that touch. There lies the secret of what follows. That contact radically changed her. She went

AN UNLIKELY CHANNEL

back to her village and commenced speaking about Jesus to those she knew. She could not preach ; she simply told plainly and earnestly what she knew and believed about Him. And the result is startling. There are hundreds of ministers who are earnestly longing for what came so easily to her. What modern people call a revival began at once. We are told in the simple language of the Gospel record that "*many believed on Him because of the word of the woman.*" They had not seen Jesus yet. He was up by the well. They were down in the village. She was an ignorant woman, of formerly sinful life. But there is the record of the wonderful result of her simple witnessing—they believed on Jesus because of the word of that woman. There is only one way to account for such results. Only the Holy Spirit speaking through her lips could have produced them. She had commenced drinking of the living water of which Jesus had been talking to her, and

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now already the rivers were flowing out to others.

What Jesus did with her, He longs to do with you, *and far more*, if you will let Him ; though His plan for using you may be utterly different from the one He had for her, and so the particular results different. Now let me ask very frankly why have we not all such power for our Master as she ? The Master's plan is plain. He said "ye shall have power." But so many of us do not have ! Why not ? Well, probably some of us are like Nicodemus. There is no power because of timidity, cowardice, fear of what *they* will think, or say. Probably some of us are in the same condition spiritually that Lazarus was in physically. We are tied up tight, hands and feet and face. Some sin, some compromise, some hushing of that inner voice, *something* wrong. Some little thing you may say. Humph ! as though anything *could* be little that is wrong ! *Sin is never little !*

A CLOGGED CHANNEL

A Clogged Channel.

Out in Colorado they tell of a little town nestled down at the foot of the hills— a “Sleepy Hollow” village. But some enterprising citizens ran a pipe up the hills to a lake of clear, sweet water. As a result the town enjoyed a bountiful supply of water the year round without being dependent upon the rainfall which you know is very slight out there. And the population increased and the place had a regular western boom. One morning the housewives turned the water spigots, but no water came. There was some sputtering. There is apt to be noise when there is nothing else. The men climbed the hill. There was the lake full as ever. They examined around the pipes as well as possible, but could find no break. Try as they might, they could find no cause for the stoppage. And as days grew into weeks, the people commenced moving away again, the grass

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grew in the streets, and the prosperous town was going back to its old sleepy condition when one day one of the town officials received a note. It was poorly written, with bad spelling and grammar, but he never cared less about writing or grammar than just then. It said in effect: "Ef you'll jes pull the plug out of the pipe about eight inches from the top you'll get all the water you want." Up they started for the top of the hill, and dug into the pipe, and found the plug which some vicious tramp had inserted. Not a very big plug—just big enough to fill the pipe. It is surprising how large a reservoir of water can be held back by how small a plug. Out came the plug; down came the water freely; by and by back came prosperity again.

Why is there such a lack of power in our lives? The reservoir up yonder is full to overflowing, with clear, sweet, life-giving water. And here all around us the plain is so dry, so thirsty for those waters!

A CLOGGED CHANNEL

And the connecting pipes between the reservoir above and the parched plain below are there. Why then do not the refreshing waters come rushing down? The answer is very plain. You know why. *There is a plug in the pipe.* Something in us clogging up the channel and nothing can get through. How shall we have power, abundant, life-giving, sweetening our own lives, and changing those we touch? The answer is easy for me to give—it will be much harder for us all to do—*pull out the plug.* Get out the thing that you know is hindering.

I am going to ask every one who will, to offer this simple prayer—and I am sure every thoughtful, earnest man and woman here will. Just bow your head and quietly under your breath say to Him: “Lord Jesus, show me what there is in my life that is displeasing to Thee; what there is Thou wouldst change.” You may be sure He will. He is faithful. He will put His finger on that tender spot very surely.

CHOKED CHANNELS

Then add a second clause to that prayer —“ By Thy grace helping me, *I will put it out* whatever it may cost, or wherever it may cut.” Shall we bow our heads and offer that prayer, and hew close to that line, steadily, faithfully? It will open up a life of marvellous blessing undreamed of for you and everyone you touch.

THE SECOND HILL TOP

Searchlight Sights.

Coming into Cleveland harbour one evening, just after nightfall, a number of passengers were gathered on the upper deck eagerly watching the coloured breakwater lights and the city lights beyond. Suddenly a general curiosity was aroused by a small boat of some sort, on the left, scudding swiftly along in the darkness like a blacker streak on the black waters. A few of us who chanced to be near the captain on the smaller deck above, heard him quietly say, "Turn on the searchlight." Almost instantly an intense white light shone full on the stranger-boat, bringing it to view so distinctly that we could almost count the nail-heads, and the strands in her cordage.

If some of us here to-night have made the prayer suggested in our last talk together—Lord Jesus, show me what there is in my life that is displeasing to Thee,

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that Thou wouldst change—we will appreciate something of the power of that Lake Erie searchlight. There is a searchlight whiter, intenser, more keenly piercing than any other. Into every heart that desires, and will hold steadily open to it, the Lord Jesus will turn that searching light. Then you will begin to see things *as they actually are*. And that sight may well lead to discouragement. Many a hidden thing, which you are glad enough to have hidden, will be plainly seen. How is it possible, you will be ready to ask, for me to lead the life the Master's ambition has planned for me, with such mixed motives, selfish ambitions, sinfulness and weakness, as I am beginning to get a glimpse of—how is it possible?

There is one answer to that intense heart-question, and only one. *We must have power*, some supernatural power, something outside of us, and above us and far greater than we, to come in and win the victory within us and for us.

SEARCHLIGHT SIGHTS

If that young man whose inner life is passion-swept, one tidal wave of fierce temptation, hot on the heels of the last, until all the moorings are snapped, and he driven rudderless out to sea—if he is to ride masterfully upon that sea *he must have power.*

If that young woman is to be as attractive and womanly winsome in the society circle where she moves, as she is meant to be, and yet able to shape her lips into a gently uttered, but rock-ribbed *no* when certain well-understood questionable matters come up, *she must have power.* If society young people are to remain in the world, and yet not be swayed by its spirit: on one side not prudish, nor fanatical, not extreme, but cheerful, and radiant, and full-lifed, and yet free of those compromising entanglements that are common to society everywhere, *they must have a rare pervasive power.*

For that business man down in the

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sharp competition of the world where duty calls him, to resist the sly temptations to over-reach, to keep keenly alert not to be over-reached ; and through all to preserve an uncensorious spirit, unhurt by the selfishness of the crowd—tell me, some of you men—*will that not take power ?* Aye, more power than some of us know about, yet.

For that same man to go through his store and remove from shelf or counter some article which yields a good profit, but which he knows his Master would not have there—Ah ! *that'll take power.*

It takes power to keep the body under control ; the mouth clean and sweet, both physically and morally ; the eye turned away from the thing that should not be thought about ; the ear closed to what should not enter that in-gate of the heart ; to allow no picture to hang upon the walls of your imagination that may not hang upon the walls of your home ; to keep every organ of the body pure for

SEARCHLIGHT SIGHTS

nature's holy function only — *that takes mighty power.*

For that young man to be wide-awake, a pusher in business, and yet steadily, determinedly to hold back any crowding of the other side of his life ; the inner side, the outer-helpful side, the Bible-reading- and secret-prayer- and quiet personal-work-side of his life, *that will take real power.*

It will take a power that some of us have not known to let that glass go untouched, and that quieting drug untasted and unhandled. If the rear end of some pharmacies could speak out, many a story would startle our ears of struggles and defeats that tell sadly of utter lack of power.

It takes power for the man of God in the pulpit to speak plainly about particular sins before the faces of those who are living in them ; and *still more power* to do it with the rare tactfulness and tenderness of the Galilean preacher. *It takes power* to stick to the Gospel story and the old

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book, when literature and philosophy present such fine opportunities for the essays that are so enjoyable and that bring such flattering notice. *It takes power* to leave out the finely woven rhetoric that you are disposed to put in for the sake of the compliment it will bring from that literary woman down yonder, or that bright, brainy young lawyer in the fifth pew on the left aisle. *It takes power* to see that the lips that speak for God are thoroughly clean lips, and the life that stands before that audience a pure life.

It takes power to keep sweet in the home, where, if anywhere, the seamy side is apt to stick out. How many wooden oaths could kicked chairs and slammed doors tell of! After all the home-life comes close to being the real test of power, does it not? *It takes power* to be gracious and strong, and patient and tender, and cheery in the common-place things, and the common-place places, does it not?

THE OLIVET MESSAGE

Now, I have something to tell you to-night that to me is very wonderful, and constantly growing in wonder. It is this *the Master has thought of all that!* He has thought into your life. Yes, I mean *your particular life*, and made an arrangement to fully cover all your need of power. He stands anew in our midst to-day, and putting His pierced hand gently upon your arm, His low, loving, clear voice says quietly, but very distinctly, "*You—you shall have power.*" For every subtle, strong temptation, for every cry of need, for every low moan of disappointment, for every locking of the jaws in the resolution of despair, for every disheartened look out into the morrow, for every yearningly ambitious heart comes to-night that unmistakable ringing promise of His—*ye shall have power.*

The Olivet Message.

Our needs argue the necessity of power. And the argument is

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strengthened by the peculiar emphasis of the Master's words. Do you remember that wondrous Olivet scene? In the quiet twilight of a Sabbath evening a group of twelve young men stand yonder on the brow of Olivet. The last glowing gleams of the setting sun fill all the western sky, and shed a halo of yellow glory-light over the hill-top, through the trees, in upon that group. You instantly pick out the leader. No mistaking Him. And around Him group the eleven men who have lived with Him these months past, now eagerly gazing into that marvellous face, listening for His words. He is going away. They know that. Coming back soon, they understand. But in His absence the work He has begun is to be entrusted to their hands. And so with ears and eyes they listen intently for the good-bye word—His last message. It will mean so much in the coming days.

Two things the Master says. The first is that ringing "go ye" so familiar to

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every true heart. The second is a very decisive, distinct "*but tarry ye.*" What, wait still longer! Tarry, now, when your great work is done! Listen again, while His parting words cut the air with their startling distinctness "*but tarry ye—until ye be endued with power.*"

I could readily imagine impulsive Peter quickly saying, "What! shall we *tarry* when the whole world is dying! Do we not *know* enough now?" And the Master's answer would come in that clear, quiet voice of His, "yes, tarry: you have knowledge enough, but *knowledge is not enough*, there must be power."

There is knowledge enough within the Christian Church of every land — aye, knowledge enough within the walls of this building to-night to convert the world, if knowledge would do it. Into many a life through home training, and school, and college, has come knowledge, while power lingers without—a stranger. Knowledge—the twin idol with gold to Ameri-

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can hearts—is essential, but, let it be plainly said, is not *the* essential. Knowledge is the fuel piled up in the fireplace. The mantel is of carved oak, and the fenders so highly polished they seem almost to send out warmth, but the thermometer is working down toward zero, and the people are shivering. The spark of living fire is essential. Then how all changes. There must be fire from above to kindle our knowledge and ourselves before any of the needed results will come.

There is no language strong enough to tell how absolutely needful it is that every follower of Jesus Christ from the one most prominent in leadership down to the very humblest disciple, shall receive this promised power.

Look at these men Jesus is talking to. There is Peter, the man of rock, and John and James, the sons of thunder. They were with the Lord on the Transfiguration mount, and when He raised the dead. They were near by during the awful

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agony of Gethsemane. They were admitted nearer to the Master's inner life than any others. There is quiet matter-of-fact Andrew, who had a reputation for bringing others to Jesus. There is Nathanael, in whom is no guile. It is to these men that there comes that positive command to tarry. If *they* needed such a command, do not we?

"Yes," someone says, "I understand that this power you speak of is something the leaders and preachers must have, but you scarcely mean that there is the same necessity for us people down in the ranks, and that we are to expect the same power as these others, do you?" Will you please call to mind that original Pentecost company? There were one hundred and twenty of them. And while there was a Peter being prepared to preach that tremendous sermon, and a John to write five books of the New Testament and probably a James to preside over the affairs of the Jerusalem Church, and pos-

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sibly a Stephen, and a Philip, yet these are only a few. By far the greater number, both men and women, are unnamed and unknown. Just the common, everyday folk, the filling-in of society ; aye, the very foundation of all society. They had no prominent part to play. But they accepted the Master's promise of power, and His command to wait, *as made to them*. And as a result *they, too*, were filled with the Holy Spirit, that wonderful morning. I think, very likely, "the good-man of the house," whose guest Jesus was that last night was there, and all the Marys, including the Bethany Mary, who simply sat at His feet, and the Magdalene Mary, and housekeeper Martha, and maybe that little lad whose loaves and fishes had been used about a year before. That was the sort of company that prayerfully, with one accord, not only waited but *received* that never-to-be-forgotten filling of the Holy Spirit.

Certainly, as some of you think, the

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preacher must have this power peculiarly for his leadership. But just as really he needs it *because he is a man for his living*, to make him sweet and gentle and patient down in his home: to make him sympathetic and strong in his constant contact with the hungry hearts he must meet.

That young mechanic must have this promised power if he is to live an earnest, manly life in that shop. That school girl, whose home duties crowd her time so; that keen-minded student working for honours amid strong competition; these society young people; these all need, above all else, this promised power that in, and through, and around and above all of their lives may be a wholesomely sweet, earnest Christliness, pervading the life even as the odour of flowers pervades a room.

Do you remember Paul's list of the traits of character that mark a Christian life—love, joy, peace, long suffering, gentleness, goodness, meekness, faithfulness, self-

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control?¹ Suppose for a moment you think through a list of the opposites of those nine characteristics—bitterness, envy, hate, low-spiritedness, sulkiness, chafing, fretting, worrying, short-suffering, quick-temper, hot-temper, high spiritedness, unsteadiness, unreliability, lack of control of yourself. May I ask, have you any personal acquaintance with some of these qualities? Is there still some need in your life for the other desirable traits? Well, remember that it is only as the Holy Spirit has *control* that this fruit of His is found. For notice that it is not we that bear this fruit, but He in us. We furnish the soil. He must have free swing in its cultivation if He is to get this harvest. And notice, too, that it does not say “the *fruits* of the Spirit,” as though *you* might have one or more, and *I* have some others. But it is “fruit”—that is, it is all one fruit and all of it is meant to be growing up in each one of us.

¹ Gal. v. 22.

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And let the fact be put down as settled once for all that only as we tarry and receive the Master's promise of power can we live the lives He longs to have us live down here among men for Him.

If that father is so to live at home before those wide-awake, growing boys that he can keep up the family altar, and instead of letting it become a mere irksome form, make it the green, fresh spot in the home life, he must have this promised power, for he cannot do it of himself. I presume *some* of you fathers know that.

There is that mother, living in what would be reckoned a humble home, one of a thousand like it, but charged with the most sacred trust ever committed to human hands—*the moulding of precious lives*. If there be hallowed ground anywhere surely it is there, in the life of that home. What patience and tirelessness, and love and tact, and wisdom and wealth of resource does that woman not need!

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Ah, mothers! if anyone needs to tarry and receive the power promised by the Son of that Mary who was filled with the Holy Spirit from before His birth for her sacred trust, *surely you do.*

Here sits one whose life plans seem to have gone all askew. The thing you love to do, and had fondly planned over, removed utterly beyond your reach, and you compelled to fit in to something for which you have no taste. It will take nothing less than the power the Master promised for you to go on faithfully, and cheerfully just where you have been placed, no repining, no complaining, even in your innermost soul, but, instead, a glad, joyous fitting into the Father's plan with a radiant light in the face. Only His power can accomplish that victory! But *His can.* And His may be yours for the tarrying and the taking.

Let me repeat then with all the emphasis possible that as certainly as you need to trust Jesus Christ for your soul's

A DOUBLE CENTRE

salvation, you also need to receive this power of the Holy Spirit to work that salvation out in your present life.

A Double Centre.

It has helped me greatly in understanding the Master's insistent emphasis upon the promise of power to keep clearly in mind that the Christian system of truth revolves around a double centre. It is illustrated best not by a circle with its single centre, but by an ellipse with its twin centres. There are two central truths—not one, but two. The first of the two is grained deep down in the common Christian teaching and understanding. If I should ask any group of Sabbath school children in this town, next Sabbath morning, the question, what is the most important thing we Christians believe? Amid the great variety in the form of answer would come, in substance, without doubt, this reply: "*The blood of*

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Jesus Christ cleanseth from all sin." And they would be right. But there is a second truth—very reverently and thoughtfully let me say—of *equal importance* with that ; namely, this : *the Holy Spirit empowereth against all sin, and for life and service.* These two truths are co-ordinate. They run in parallel lines. They belong together. They are really two halves of the one great truth. But this second half needs emphasis, because it has not always been put into its proper place beside the other.

Jesus died on the cross to make freedom from sin *possible*. The Holy Spirit dwells within me to make freedom from sin *actual*. The Holy Spirit does *in* me what Jesus did *for* me. The Lord Jesus draws a cheque for my use. The Spirit cashes that cheque and puts the money into my hands. Jesus does in me now by His Spirit what He did for me centuries ago on the cross, in His person.

Now these two truths, or two parts of

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the same truth, go together in God's plan, but, with some exceptions, have not gone together in men's experience. That explains why so many Christian lives are a failure and a reproach. The Church of Christ has been gazing so intently upon the hill of the cross with its blood-red message of sin and love, that it has largely lost sight of the Ascension Mount with its legacy of power. We have been so enrapt with that marvellous scene on Calvary—and what wonder!—that we have allowed ourselves to lose the intense significance of Pentecost. That last victorious shout—"it is finished"—has been crowding out in our ears its counterpart—the equally victorious cry of Olivet—" *all power hath been given unto Me.*"

The Christian's range of vision must always take in two hill-tops—Calvary and Olivet. Calvary—sin conquered through the blood of Jesus, a matter of history. Olivet—sin conquered through the power of Jesus, a matter of experience. When the

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subject is spoken of, we are apt to say, "Yes, that is correct. I understand that." But *do* we understand it in our *experience*? So certainly as I must trust Jesus as my Saviour, so certainly must I constantly yield my life to the control of the Spirit of Jesus if I am to find the real practical power of His salvation.

As surely as men are now urged to accept Jesus as the great step in life, so surely should they be instructed to yield themselves to the Holy Spirit's control that Jesus' plan for their lives may be carried through.

You remember in the olden time the Hebrew men were required to appear before God in the appointed place three times during the year. At the Passover, and at Pentecost, and again at the harvest-home feast of Tabernacles. So it is required of every man of us who would fit his life into God's plan that he shall first of all come to the Passover feast, where Christ our Passover is sacrificed for us.

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And then that he shall as certainly come to the great Pentecost feast, where a glorified Passover Lamb breathes down His Spirit of power into the life. And then he is sure to have a constant attendance at a first-fruits feast all his days, with a great harvest home festival at the end.

I said there were two central truths. Will you notice that the gospels put it also in this way, that *Jesus came to do two things*—not one thing, but *two* things—in working out our salvation. That the first is dependent for its practical power upon the second, and the second is the completing or carrying into effect of the power of the first. That the first—let me say it with great reverence—is valueless without the second.

What *was* Jesus' mission. Would you not expect His forerunner to understand it? Listen, then, to his words. When questioned specifically by the official deputation sent from the national leaders at Jerusalem, he pointed to Jesus,

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and declared that He had come for a two-fold purpose. Listen: "Behold the Lamb of God who beareth away the sin of the world"; and then he added, and the word comes to us with the peculiar emphasis of repetition by each of the four gospel scribes—"this is He that baptizeth with the Holy Spirit." That was spoken to them originally without doubt in a national sense. It just as surely applies to every one of us in a personal sense.

Mark also the emphasis of *Jesus' own teachings* regarding this second part of His mission. At the very beginning He spoke the decided words about the necessity of being born of the Spirit. And we are all impressed with that tremendous fact. But observe that several times, in the brief gospel record, He refers the disciples to the overshadowing importance of the *Spirit's control in the life*. And that He devotes a large part of that last long confidential talk which John records,

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to this special subject, pointing out the new experiences to come with the coming of the Spirit, and holding out to them as the greatest evidence of His own love *the promise of power*.

It adds intense emphasis to all this to note that Jesus Himself, very Son of God, was in that wonderful human life of His utterly dependent upon the Holy Spirit. At the very outset, before venturing upon a single act or word of His appointed ministry, He waits at the Jordan waters, until the promised anointing of power came. What a picture does that prayerfully waiting Jesus present to powerless men to-day! From that moment every bit and part of His life was under the control of that Holy Spirit. Impelled into the wilderness for that fierce set-to with Satan, coming back to Galilee within the power of the Spirit, He Himself clearly stated more than once that it was through this anointing that He preached, and taught, and healed, and cast out

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demons. The writer to the Hebrews assures us that it was through the power of the Eternal Spirit that He was enabled to go through the awful experiences of Gethsemane and Calvary. And Luke adds that it was through the same empowering Spirit that He gave commandment to the Apostles for the stupendous task of world-wide evangelisation. And then at the very last referring to that life of His, He said: "As the Father hath sent Me, even so send I you." Let me ask if He, very God of very God, yet in His earthly life intensely human, needed that anointing, do not we? If He waited for that experience before venturing upon any service, shall not you and I?

But we must turn to the book of Acts to get fully within the grip of this truth. For it, with the epistles fitting into it, is peculiarly the *Holy Spirit book*, even as the Old Testament is the *Jehovah book* and the gospel with Revelation the *Jesus book*. The climax of the gospels is in the

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Acts. What is promised in the gospels is *experienced* in the Acts.

Jesus is dominant in the gospels ; the Spirit of Jesus in the Acts. He is the only continuous personality from first to last. He is the common denominator of the book. The first twelve chapters group about Peter, the remaining sixteen about Paul, but distinctly above both they all group about the Holy Spirit. He is the one dominant factor throughout. The first fourth of the book is fairly aflame with his presence at the centre—Jerusalem. Thence out of Samaria, and through the Cornelius door to the whole outer non-Jewish world ; at Antioch the new centre, and thence through the uttermost parts of the Roman empire into its heart, His is the presence recognised and obeyed. He is ceaselessly guiding, empowering, inspiring, checking, controlling clear to the abrupt end. His is the one mastering personality. And everywhere His presence is a transforming presence. Nothing short

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of startling is the change in Peter, in the attitude of the Jerusalem thousands, in the persecutor Saul, in the spirit of these disciples, in the unprecedented and unparalleled unselfishness shown. It is revolutionary. Ah! it was meant to be so. This book is the living illustration of what Jesus meant by His teaching regarding His successor. It becomes also an acted illustration of what the personal Christian life is meant to be.

The Spirit's presence and the necessity of His control is deep-grained in the consciousness of the leaders in this book. Leaving the stirring scenes at the capital the eighth chapter takes us down to Samaria. Multitudes have been led to believe through the preaching of a man who has been chosen to look after the business matters of the church. Peter and John are sent down to aid the new movement. Note that their very first concern is to spend time in prayer that this great company may receive the Holy Spirit.

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The next chapter shifts the scene to Damascus. A man unknown save for this incident is sent as God's messenger to Saul. As he lays his hand upon this chosen man and speaks the light-giving words he instinctively adds, "and be filled with the Holy Spirit." That is not recorded as a part of what he had been told to do. But plainly this humble man of God believes that that is the essential element in Saul's preparation for his great work.

In the tenth chapter the Holy Spirit's action with Cornelius completely upsets the life-long, rock-rooted ideas of these intensely national, and intensely exclusive Jews. Yet it is accepted as final.

With what quaint simplicity does the thirteenth chapter tell of the initiation of those great missionary journeys of Paul from the new centre of world evangelization. And how like it is the language of James in delivering the judgment of the first church council :—"it seemed good to the Holy Spirit and to us."

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Paul's conviction is very plain from numerous references in those wonderful heart-searching and heart-revealing letters of his. But one instance in this book of Acts will serve as a fair illustration of his teaching and habit. It is in the nineteenth chapter. In his travels he has come as far as to Ephesus, and finds there a small company of earnest disciples. They are strangers to him. He longs to help them, but must first find their need. At once he puts a question to them. A question may be a great revealer. This one reveals his own conception of what must be the pivotal experience of every true follower of Jesus. He asks: "Did ye receive the Holy Spirit when ye believed?"

But they had been poorly instructed, like many others since, and were not clear just what he meant. They had received the baptism of John—a baptism of repentance; but not the baptism of Jesus—a baptism of power. And Paul at once gives himself up to instructing and then

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praying with them until the promised gift is graciously bestowed. That is the last we hear of those twelve persons. Some of them may have been women. Some may have come to be leaders in that great Ephesian Church. But of that nothing is said. The emphasis remains on the fact that in Paul's mind because they were followers of the Lord Jesus they must have this empowering experience of the Holy Spirit's infilling.

Plainly in this book of Acts the pivot on which all else rests and turns is the unhindered presence of the Holy Spirit.

Five Essentials.

If you will stop a while to think into it you will find that a rightly rounded Christian life has five essential characteristics. I mean essential in the same sense as that light is an essential to the eye. The eye's seeing depends wholly on light. If it does not see light, by and

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by it cannot see light. The ear that hears no sound loses the power to hear sound. Light is essential to the healthful eye : sound to the ear : air to the lungs : blood to the heart. Just as really are these five things essential to a strong healthful Christian life.

The *second* of these is a heart-love for the old Book of God : Not reading it as a duty. Taking a chapter at night because you feel you must. I do not mean that just now. But reading it because you *love* to ; as you would a love letter or a letter from home. Thinking about it as the writer of the one hundred and nineteenth psalm did. Listen to him for a moment in that one psalm, talking about this book : " I delight," " I will delight," " My delight " —in all nine times. " I love," " Oh ! how I love," " I do love," " Consider how I love," " I love exceedingly," again nine times in all. " I have longed," " My eyes fail," " My soul breaketh," speaking of the intensity of his desire to get alone with the

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book. "Sweeter than honey," "As great spoil," "As much as all riches," "Better than thousands of gold," "Above gold, yea, above fine gold." And all that packed into less than two leaves. Do you love this Book like that? Would you like to? Wait a moment.

The *third* essential is right habits of prayer. Living a veritable life of prayer. Making prayer the chief part not alone of your life, but of your service. Having answers to prayer as a constant experience. Being like the young man in a conference in India, who said, "I used to pray three times a day; Now I pray only once a day, and that is *all* day." Feet busy all the day, hands ceaselessly active, head full of matters of business, but the heart never out of communication with Him. Has prayer become to you like that? Would you have it so? Wait a moment.

The *fourth* essential is a pure, earnest, unselfish life. Our lives are the strongest part of us—or else the weakest. A man

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knows the least of the influence of his own life. Life is not mere length of time but the daily web of character we unconsciously weave. Our thoughts, imaginations, purposes, motives, love, will, are the under threads : our words, tone of voice, looks, acts, habits, are the upper threads : and the passing moment is the shuttle swiftly, ceaselessly, relentlessly, weaving those threads into a web and that web is the life. It is woven, not by our wishing, or willing, but irresistibly, unavoidably, woven by what we *are*, moment by moment, hour after hour. What is your life weaving out ? Is it attractive because of the power in it of *His* presence ? Would you have it so ? Would you know the secret of a life marked by the strange beauty of humility, and fragrant with the odour of *His* presence ? Wait just a moment.

The *fifth* essential is a passion for winning others one by one to the Lord Jesus. A passion, I say. I can use no

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weaker word than that. A passion burning with the steady flame of anthracite. A passion for *winning*: not driving, nor dragging, but drawing men. I am not talking about preachers just now, as preachers, but about every one of us. Do you know the peculiar delight there is in winning the fellow by your side, the girl in your social circle, to Jesus Christ? No? Ah, you have missed half your life! Would you have such an intense passion as that, thrilling your heart, and inspiring your life, and know how to do it skilfully, and tactfully?

Let me tell you with my heart that the secret not only of this, but of all four of these essentials I have named lies in the first one which I have not yet named, and grows out of it. Given the first the others will follow as day follows the rising sun.

What is the first great essential? It is this—the unrestrained, unhindered, controlling presence in the heart of the

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Holy Spirit. It is allowing Jesus' other Self, the Holy Spirit, to take full possession and maintain a loving but absolute monopoly of all your powers.

Tarry.

My friend, have you received this promised power? Is there a growing up of those four things within you by His grace? Does the Holy Spirit have freeness of sway in you? Are you conscious of the fulness of His love and power—conscious enough to know how much there is beyond of which you are not conscious? Does your heart say, "No." Well, things may be moving smoothly in that church of which you are pastor, and in that school over which you preside. Business may be in a satisfactory condition. Your standing in society may be quite pleasing. Your plans working out well. The family may be growing up around you as you had

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hoped. But let me say to you very kindly but very plainly *your life thus far is a failure*. You have been succeeding splendidly it may be in a great many important matters, but they are *the details* and in the main issue you have failed utterly.

And to you to-night I bring one message—the Master's Olivet message—"tarry ye." No need of tarrying, as with these disciples, for *God* to do something. His part has been done, and splendidly done. And He waits now upon you. But tarry until you are willing to put out of your life what displeases Him, no matter what that may mean to you. Tarry until your eyesight is corrected; until your will is surrendered. Tarry that you may start the habit of tarrying, for those two Olivet words, "Go" and "tarry," will become the even-balancing law of your new life. A constant going to do His will; a continual tarrying to find out His will. Tarry to get your ears cleared and quieted so you

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can learn to recognise that low voice of His. Tarry earnestly, steadily until that touch of power comes to change, and cleanse, and quiet, and to give you a totally new conception of what power is. Then you can understand the experience of one who wrote—

“My hands were filled with many things
That I did precious hold,
As any treasure of a King’s—
Silver, or gems, or gold.
The Master came and *touched* my hands
(The scars were in His own),
And at His feet my treasures sweet
Fell shattered, one by one.
‘I must have empty hands,’ said He,
‘Wherewith to work My works through
thee.’

“My hands were stained with marks of toil.
Defiled with dust of earth ;
And I my work did oft-times soil,
And render little worth.

TARRY

The Master came and *touched* my hands
 (And crimson were His own),
But when, amazed, on mine I gazed,
 Lo! every stain was gone.
'I must have cleansed hands,' said He,
'Wherewith to work My works through
 thee."

My hands were growing feverish
 And cumbered with much care!
Trembling with haste and eagerness,
 Nor folded oft in prayer.
The Master came and *touched* my hands
 (With healing in His own),
And calm and still to do His will
 They grew—the fever gone.
'I must have quiet hands,' said He,
'Wherewith to work My works for Me.'

My hands were strong in fancied strength
 But not in power divine,
And bold to take up tasks at length,
 That were not His but mine.
The Master came and *touched* my hands
 (And might was in His own!)

THE SECOND HILL TOP

But mine since then have powerless been,

Save His are laid thereon.

‘And it is only thus,’ said He,

‘That I can work My works through
thee.’”

THE CHANNEL OF POWER

A Word that Sticks and Stings.

I suppose everyone here can think of three or four persons whom he loves or regards highly, who are not Christians. Can you? Perhaps in your own home circle, or in the circle of your close friends. They may be nice people, cultured, lovable, delightful companions, fond of music and good books, and all that; but this is true of them, that they do not trust and confess Jesus as a personal Saviour. Can you think of such persons in your own circle? I am going to wait a few moments in silence while you recall them to mind, if you will—— Can you see their faces? Are their names clear to your minds?

Now I want to talk with you a little while to-night, not about the whole world, but just about these three or four dear friends of yours. I am going to suppose them lovely people in personal contact, cultured, and kindly, and intelligent, and

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of good habits even though all that may not be true of all of them. And, I want to ask you a question—God's question—about them. You remember God put His hand upon Cain's arm, and looking into his face, said : " Where is Abel, thy brother? " I want to ask you that question. Where are these four friends? Not where are they socially, nor financially, nor educationally. These are very important questions. But they are less important than this other question : Where are they as touching *Him*? Where are they as regards the best life here, and the longer life beyond this one?

And I shall not ask you what you think about it. Nor shall I tell you what I think. For I am not here to tell you what I think, but to bring a message from the Master as plainly and kindly as I can. So I shall ask you to notice what this old book of God says about these friends of yours. It is full of statements regarding them. I can take time for only a few.

A WORD THAT STICKS & STINGS

Turn, for instance, to the last chapter of Mark's Gospel, and the sixteenth verse, and you will find these words : " He that believeth and is baptised shall be saved ; he that believeth not shall be ——." You know the last word of that sentence. It is an ugly word. I dislike intensely to think it, much less repeat it. It is one of those blunt, sharp, Anglo-Saxon words that stick and sting. I wish I had a tenderer tone of voice, in which to repeat it, and then only in a low whisper—it is so awful—" *damned*."

Let me ask you very gently : Does the first part of that sentence—" he that believeth—trusteth—not," does that describe the four friends you are thinking of now ? " Yes," you say, " I'm afraid it does : that is just the one thing. He is thoughtful and gentlemanly ; she is kind and good ; but they do not trust Jesus Christ personally." Then let me add, very kindly, but very plainly, if the first part is an accurate description of

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your friends, the second part is meant to apply to them, too, would you not say? And that is an awful thing to say.

What a strange book this Bible is! It makes such radical statements, and uses such unpleasant words that grate on the nerves, and startle the ear. No *man* would have dared of himself to write such statements.

I remember one time visiting a friend in Boston, engaged in Christian work there; an earnest man. We were talking one day about this very thing and I recall saying: "Do you really believe that what the Bible says about these people can be true? Because if it is you and I should be tremendously stirred up over it." And I recall distinctly his reply, after a moment's pause, "Well, their condition certainly will be unfortunate." *Unfortunate!* That is the Bostonese of it. That is a much less disagreeable word. It has a smoother finish—a sort of polish—to it. It does

A WORD THAT STICKS & STINGS

not jar on your feelings so. But this book uses a very different word from that, a word that must grate harshly upon every ear here.

I know very well that some persons have associated that ugly word with a scene something like this : They have imagined a man standing with fist clenched, and eyes flashing fire, and the lines of his face knotted up hard, as he says in a harsh voice, " He that believeth not shall be damned," as though he found pleasure in saying it. If there is *one* person here to-night who ever had such a conception, will you kindly cut it out of your imagination at once ? For it is untrue. And put in its place the true setting of the word.

Have you ever noticed what a difference the manner, and expression of face, and tone of voice, yes, and the character of a person make in the impression his words leave upon your mind ? Now mark : It is Jesus talking here. *Jesus*—the tenderest-hearted, the most mother-

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hearted man this world ever listened to. Look at Him, standing there on that hill-top, looking out toward the great world He had just died for, with the tears coming into His eyes, and His lips quivering with the awfulness of what He was saying—"he that believeth not shall be damned," as though it just broke His heart to say it. And it did break His heart that it might not be true of us. For He died literally of a broken heart, the walls of that great throbbing muscle burst asunder by the strain of soul. That is the true setting of that terrific statement.

Please notice it does not say that God damns men. You will find that nowhere within the pages of this book. But it is love talking. And true love tells the truth at all risks when it must be told. And Jesus because of His dying and undying love seeks to make men acquainted with the fact which *He* sees so plainly, and *they* do not.

Now turn for a moment to a second

A WORD THAT STICKS & STINGS

statement. You will find it in Galatians, third chapter, tenth verse. Paul is quoting from the book of Deuteronomy these words: "Cursed"—there is another ugly word—"cursed is everyone who continueth not in all the words of the book of this law to do them." Let me ask: Does that describe your friends? Well, I guess it describes us all, does it not? Who is there here that has continued in all the words of the book of this law to do them? If there is someone I think perhaps you would better withdraw, for I have no message for you to-night. The sole difference between some of us, and these friends you have in your mind is that *we* are depending upon Another who bore the curse for us. But these friends decline to come into personal touch with Him. Do they not? And this honest spoken book of God tells us plainly of that word "cursed" which has been written, and remains written, over their faces and lives.

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The Bible is full of such statements. There is no need of multiplying them. And I am sure I have no heart in repeating any more of them. But I bring you these two for a purpose. This purpose : of asking you one question—whose fault is it? Who is to blame? Someone is at fault. There is blame somewhere. This thing is all wrong. It is no part of God's plan, and when things go wrong, someone is to blame. Now I ask you : *Who is to blame?*

A Mother-Heart.

Well, there are just four persons and groups of persons concerned. There is God ; and Satan ; and these friends we are talking about ; and, ourselves, who are not a bit better in ourselves than they—not a bit—but who are trusting Someone else to see us through. Somewhere within the lines of those four we must find the blame of this awful state of affairs. Well, we can say very promptly

A MOTHER-HEART

that Satan is to blame. He is at the bottom of it all. And that certainly is true, though it is not all of the truth. Then it can be added, and added in a softer voice, because the thing is so serious, and these things are dear to us, that these people themselves are to blame. And that is true, too. Because they *choose* to remain out of touch with Him who died that it might not be so. For there is no sin charged where there is no choice made. Sin follows choice. Only where one has known the wrong and has chosen it is there sin charged.

But that this awful condition goes on unchanged, that those two ugly words remain true of our dear friends, day after day, while we meet them, and live with them, is there still blame? There are just two left out of the four : God and ourselves who trust Him. Let me ask very reverently, but very plainly : Is it God's fault? You and I have both heard such a thing hinted at, and sometimes openly said. I

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believe it is a good thing with reverence to ask, and attempt to find the answer, to such a question as that. And for answer let me first bring to you a picture of the God of the old Testament whom some people think of as being just, but severe and stern.

Away back in the earliest time, in the oldest book, Genesis, the sixth chapter, and down in verses five and six are these words : “ And the Lord saw that the wickedness of man was great in the earth, and ”—listen to these words—“ that every imagination of the thoughts of his heart was only evil continually.”

What an arraignment ! “ Every imagination,” “ evil,” “ *only* evil ” ; no mixture of good at all ; “ only evil *continually*,” no occasional spurts of good even—the whole fabric bad, and bad clear through, and all the time. Is not that a terrific arraignment ? But listen further : “ And it repented the Lord that He had made man on the earth, and ”—listen to these last pathetic words—“ *it grieved Him at His heart.*”

A MOTHER-HEART

Will you please remember that "grieve" is always a love word? There can be no grief except where there is love. You may annoy a neighbour, or vex a partner, or anger an acquaintance, but you cannot grieve except where there is love, and you cannot be grieved except wherein you love.

I have sometimes, more often than I could wish, seen a case like this. A young man of good family sent away to college. He gets in with the wrong crowd, for they are not all angels in colleges yet, quite. Gets to smoking and drinking and gambling, improper hours, bad companions, and all that. His real friends try to advise him, but without effect. By and by the college authorities remonstrate with him, and he tries to improve, but without much success after the first pull. And after a while, very reluctantly, he is suspended, and sent home in disgrace. He feels very bad, and makes good resolutions and earnest promises, and when he returns he does do much better for a time. But it does

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not last long. Soon he is in with the old crowd again, the old round of habits and dissipations, only now it gets worse than before ; the pace is faster. And the upshot of it all is that he is called up before the authorities and expelled, sent home in utter disgrace, not to return.

And here is his chum who roomed with him, ate with him, lived with him. He says, "Well, I declare, I am all broken up over Jim. It's too bad ! He was a fine fellow, good student if he only would study ; genial, hale fellow well met, and he now has gone to the dogs like that. I'm awfully sorry. It's too bad ! too bad !" And by and by he forgets about it except as an unpleasant memory roused up now and then. And here is one of his professors who knew him best perhaps, and liked him. "Well," he says, "it is too bad about young Collins ; he was an able fellow, but he would insist on going with that crowd. Strange, too, he came of good family ; good blood in his veins ; and yet

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he seems to have gone right down with the rag-tag. It's too bad ! too bad !! I am so sorry." And the matter passes from his mind in the press of duties and is remembered only occasionally as one of the disagreeable things to be regretted and perhaps philosophised over.

And there is the boy's father's partner, down in the home town. "Well," he soliloquises, "it is too bad about Collins' boy. He is all broken up over it, and no wonder. Doesn't it seem queer? That boy has as good blood as there is: good father, lovely mother, and yet gone clean to the bad, and so young. It is too bad ! I am awfully sorry for Collins." And he forgets, save as a bad dream which will come back now and then.

But down in that boy's home there is a woman—a mother—heart-broken—crying her eyes out. She goes quietly, faithfully about her round of life, but her hair gets thinner, and the gray streaks it plainer, her form bends over more, and the lines

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become more deeply bitten in her face, as the days come and go. "Oh, yes," she says, I know other mothers' boys go wrong ; some of them going wrong all the time ; but to think of *my Jim*—that I've nursed, and loved so, and done everything for—to think that my Jim——" and her voice chokes in her throat, and she refuses to be comforted. *She grieves at her heart.* Ah ! that is the picture of God in that Genesis chapter. He saw that the world He had made and lavished all the wealth of His love upon had gone wrong, and it grieved Him at His heart. This world is God's prodigal son, and He is heart-broken over it. And what has He done about it ? Ah ! what has He done ! Turn to Mark's twelfth chapter and see there Jesus' own picture of His Father as He knew Him. In the form of a parable He tells how His Father felt about things here. He sent man after man to try and win us back, but without effect, except that things got worse. Then Jesus represents God talking with

A MOTHER-HEART

Himself. "What *shall* I do next, to win them back?—there is My son—My only boy—Jesus—I believe—yes, I believe I'll send Him—then they'll *see* how badly I feel, and how much I love them; that'll touch them surely; I'll do it. You remember just how that sixth verse goes, "He had yet one, a beloved Son; He sent Him *last* unto them, saying, they will *reverence* my Son." And you know how they treated God's Son, His love-gift. And I want to remind you to-night that, speaking in our human way—the only way we can speak—God suffered more in seeing His Son suffer than though He might have suffered Himself. Ask any mother here: Would you not gladly suffer pain in place of your child suffering if you could? And every mother-heart answers quickly, "Aye, ten times over, if the child could be spared." Where did you get that marvellous mother-heart and mother-love? Ah, that mother-heart is a bit of the God-heart. That is what God is like. Let me

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repeat very reverently that God suffered more in giving His Son to suffer than though He had Himself suffered. And that is the God of the Old Testament ! Let me ask : " Is *He* to blame ? Has He not done His best ?

Let it be said as softly as you will, and yet very plainly, that those awful words, "damned" and "cursed," whatever their meaning may be, are true of your friends. Then add : It is not so because of God's will in the matter, but in spite of His will. Remember that God exhausted all the wealth of His resource when He gave His Son. There can come nothing more after that.

Your Personality Needed.

Then there is a second question from God's side to ask about those ugly words : thoughtfully, and yet plainly—Is it the fault of Jesus, the Son of God ? And let anyone here listen to Him speaking in that tenth chapter of John. " I lay down My life for the

YOUR PERSONALITY NEEDED

sheep. No man taketh it from Me. I lay it down of Myself. I have power to lay it down and power to take it again." And then go out yonder to that scene just outside the Jerusalem wall. There hangs Jesus upon that cross, suspended by nails through hands and feet. He is only thirty-three. He is intensely human. Life was just as sweet to him that day as it is to you and me to-night. Plainly He could have prevented them. For many a time had He held the murderous mob in check by the sheer power of His presence alone. Yet there He hangs from nine until noon and until three—six long hours. And He said He did it for you, for me. Do not ask me to tell *how* His dying for us saves. I do not know. No one statement seems to tell all the truth. When I study into it I always get clear beyond my depth. In a tremendous way it tells a double story ; of the damnable blackness of sin ; and of the intensity of love. I do know that *He*

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said He did it for us, and for our salvation, and that it had to be done. But as we look to-day on that scene, again the question: does any of the blame of the awful statements this book makes regarding your friends belong to Him, do you think? And I think I hear your hearts say "surely not."

Well, the Father has done His best. No blame surely attaches there. The Son has gone to the utmost limit. No fault can be found there. There is just one other left up yonder, of the divine partnership — the Holy Spirit. What about Him. Listen. Just as soon as the Son went back home with face and form all scarred from His brief stay upon the earth, He and the Father said, "now We will send down the last one of Us, the Holy Spirit, and He will do His best to woo men back," and so it was done. The last supreme effort to win men back was begun. The Holy Spirit came down for the specific purpose of telling the world

YOUR PERSONALITY NEEDED

about Jesus. His work down here is to convict men of their terrible wrong in rejecting Jesus, and of His righteousness, and of the judgment passed upon Satan. Only He can convince men's minds and consciences. A thousand preachers with the logic of a Paul and the eloquence of an Isaiah could not convince one man of sin. Only the Spirit can do that. But listen to me as I say very thoughtfully—and this is the one tremendous truth I pray God to *burn* into our hearts to-night—that to do His work among men *He needs to use men*. He needs *you*. “Oh!” you say, “it is hardly possible that you mean that: I am not a minister: I have no special ability for Christian work: I am just an obscure, humble Christian: I have no gift in that direction.” Listen with your heart while I remind you that He needs not your special abilities or gifts so much as *He needs your personality as a human channel* through which to touch the men you touch. And I want

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to say just as kindly and tenderly as I can and yet with great plainness that if you are refusing to let Him use you as He chooses—shall I say the unpleasant truth?—the practical blame for those ugly words, and the uglier truth back of them come straight home to *you*.

That is a very serious thing to say, and so I must add a few words to make it still more clear and plain. The Spirit of God in working among men seeks embodiment *in men*, through whom He acts. The amazing truth is that not only is He willing to enter into and fill you with His very presence, but He seeks for, He wants, yes, *He needs your personality* as a channel or medium, that living in you He may be able to do His work among the men you touch even though you may not be conscious of much that He is doing through you. Is not that startling? He wants to live in your body, and speak through your lips, and look out of your eyes, and use your

YOUR PERSONALITY NEEDED

hands, really, actually. Have you turned your personality over to Him as completely as that?

Remember the law of God's communication with men ; namely, He speaks *to* men *through* men. Run carefully through the Bible and you will find that after the Cain disaster, which divided all men into two great groups, that whenever God has a message for a man or a nation out in the world He chooses and uses a man in touch with Himself as His messenger.

Listen to Jesus' own words in that last night's long talk in John's Gospel, chapter fourteen, verse seventeen. Speaking about the coming Spirit, He says, "Whom the world cannot receive." Though an important part of the Spirit's great mission is to the world yet it cannot receive Him. Couple that with chapter sixteen, verses seven and eight : "I will send him *unto you*, and He when He is come (unto you) will convince," and so on. That is to say, a message from God

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to one who has come within the circle of personal relation with Jesus—that message comes along a straight line without break or crook. But a message to one who remains outside that circle comes along an *angled* line—two lines meeting at an angle—and the point of that angle is in some Christian heart. The message He sends out to the outer circle passes through some one within the inner circle. To make it direct and personal: He needs to use you to touch those whom you touch.

God's Sub-Headquarters.

Let me bring you a few illustrations of *how* God uses men, though the *fact* of His using them is on almost every page of this Bible. Back in the old Book of Judges is a peculiar expression which is not brought out as clearly as it might be in our Bibles. The sixth chapter and thirty-fourth verse should read:

GOD'S SUB-HEADQUARTERS

"the Spirit of Jehovah clothed Himself with Gideon." It was a time of desperate crisis in the nation. God chose this man for leadership among his fellows. If you take his life throughout you will not think him an ideal character. But he seems to be the best available stuff there was. He became the general guiding an army in what to human eyes was a perfectly hopeless struggle. Men saw Gideon moving about giving orders. But this strangely significant phrase lets us into the secret of his wise strategy and splendid victory. "The Spirit of Jehovah clothed Himself with Gideon." Gideon's personality was merely a suit of clothes which God wore that day in achieving that tremendous victory for His people. The same expression is used of Amasai, one of David's mighty chiefs,¹ and of Zechariah, one of the priests during Joash's reign.²

A New Testament illustration is found

¹ 1 Chron. xii. 18.

² 2 Chron. xxiv. 20.

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in the book of Acts in the account of Philip and the Ethiopian stranger. This devout African official had a copy of the old Hebrew Scriptures, but needed an interpreter to make plain their newly acquired significance. The Holy Spirit, *the* interpreter of Scripture, longs to help him. For that purpose He seeks out a man, of whom He has control, named Philip. He is directed to go some distance over toward the road where this man is journeying. We are told of Philip that he was "full of the Spirit." And a reading of that eighth chapter makes plain the controlling presence of the Spirit in Philip's personality. In the beginning He gives very explicit direction. "The Spirit (within Philip) said, go near, join thyself to this chariot." And at the close "the Spirit of the Lord caught away Philip."

These are a few illustrations of what seems to be a common law of God's intercourse with men. The language of the Bible throughout fits in with this same

GOD'S SUB-HEADQUARTERS

conception. Strikingly enough the same seems to be true in the opposing camp, among the forces of the Evil One. Repeatedly in the Gospels we come across the startling expressions—"possessed with demons," "possessed of demons," evidently speaking of men whom demons had succeeded in getting possession of, and clothing themselves with. It seems to be a law of *spirit* life that a spirit needs to be embodied in dealing with embodied beings. And God conforms to this law in His dealings with men.

My friend, will you ask your heart, has the Holy Spirit got possession of you like that? With reverence I repeat that He is seeking for men in whom He may set up a sort of sub-headquarters, from which He may work out as He pleases. Has He been able to do that with you? Or, have you been holding back from Him, fearing He might make some changes in you or your plans? If that is so, may I say just as kindly as these lips can speak

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it, but also as plainly, that then *the practical blame* for those cutting words about your friends comes straight back to *you*.

Hugh M'Allister Beaver, son of the former Governor of Pennsylvania, and one of the rarest Christian young men that ever lived, felt impelled at a conference of students at Northfield in '97 to tell this bit of his inner experience, though naturally reluctant to do so. While at college, arrangements were made for a series of meetings every night for a week. "One day going down the hallway of the college building," he said, "I met a boy we all called Dutchy, one of the toughest fellows in school. I said to him, 'Dutch, come to the meeting to-night.'" Instead of laughing or swearing, to Beaver's surprise, he paused a moment as though such a thing was possible, and Beaver said, "I prayed quietly to myself, and urged him to come." And he said, "Well, I guess I will." And that night to every one's surprise Dutch came to the meeting. When Beaver rose to speak to

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his surprise this fellow was not simply intensely interested but his eyes were full of tears. And Beaver said "a voice as distinct as an audible voice said to me, 'Speak to Dutchy!' But *I did not*." Again the next night Dutchy came of his own accord, and one of the boys putting his arm on Beaver's shoulder said, "Speak to Dutchy. We boys never saw him like this before." And he said he would. But *he did not*. And some time after he had a dream and thought he would not walk this earth any more. It did not trouble him except that his brother was crying. But he thought he met the Master, who looked into his face, and said, "Hugh, do you remember, I asked you to speak to Dutchy?" "Yes." "And you did not." "No." "Would you like to go back to the earth and win him?" And he finished the story by saying, "it's hard work, but he's coming now."

I wonder if the Master has ever tried to use your lips like that, and you have refused?

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A prominent clergyman in New England tells this experience of his. In the course of his pastoral work he was called to conduct the funeral service of a young woman who had died quite unexpectedly. As he entered the house he met the minister in charge of the mission church, where the family attended, and asked him, "Was Mary a Christian?" To his surprise a pained look came into the young man's face as he replied, "Three weeks ago I had a strong impulse to speak to her, but *I did not*; and I do not know." A moment later he met the girl's Sunday school teacher and asked her the same question. Quickly the tears came, as she said, "Two weeks ago, Doctor, a voice seemed to say to me, 'Speak to Mary,' and I knew what it meant, and I intended to, but *I did not*, and I do not know." Deeply moved by these unexpected answers, a few minutes later he met the girl's mother, and thinking doubtless to give her an opportunity to speak a word

THE HIGHEST LAW OF ACTION

that would bring comfort to her own heart, he said quietly, "Mary was a Christian girl?" The tears came quick and hot to the mother's eyes as she sobbed out, "One week ago a voice came to me saying, 'Speak to Mary,' and I thought of it, but I did not at the time, and you know how unexpectedly she went away and I do not know."

Well, please understand me, I am not saying a word about that girl. I do not know anything to say. I would hope much. And believe there was ground for hope. But this is what I say: How pathetic, beyond expression, that the Spirit tried to get the use of the lips of three persons, a pastor, a teacher, aye, *a mother!* to speak the word that evidently He longed to have spoken to her, *and He could not!*

Has He tried to use you *like that?*

The Highest Law of Action.

But these two illustrations are narrower than the truth. They speak of

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the lips. He wants to use your lips ; but, even more, He wants to use your *life*. Much as He may use your lips, He will use your personality, your presence, your life ten times more, when you are wholly unconscious of it. He loves men so much. He longs to save them. But He needs us—you and me—as channels through which His power shall flow to touch and mightily influence those whom we touch. How often has He turned away disappointed because the channel had broken connections, or could not be used ?

“ He was not willing that any should
perish ;

Jesus, enthroned in the glory above,
Saw our poor fallen world, pitied our
sorrows,
Poured out His life for us, wonderful love.

“ Perishing, perishing, thronging our
pathway,
Hearts break with burdens too heavy
to bear ;

THE HIGHEST LAW OF ACTION

Jesus would save, but there's no one to
tell them,

No one to save them from sin and
despair."

Someone says: "You are putting an awful responsibility upon us. Would you have us go out and begin speaking to everyone we meet?" No, I would not. Of all things, I do not mean that. But this: Surrender yourself to Jesus as your *Master*, for Him to take possession. Turn the channel over to Him, that He may tighten the connections, upward and outward, and clean it out, and then use as He may choose. He has a passion for winning men, and He has marvellous tact in working. Let Him have His way in you. Keep quiet and close to Him, and *obey* Him, gladly, cheerily, constantly, and *He will assume all responsibility for the results.*

There is a law of personal service. It is this: Contact means opportunity; op-

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portunity means responsibility. To come into personal contact with a man gives an opportunity of influencing him for Christ, and with opportunity goes its twin partner—responsibility.

There is another law—a higher law—the highest law of the Christian life. It is this: In everything hold yourself subject to *the Holy Spirit's leading*. Whenever these two laws come into conflict remember that the lower law always yields to the higher. It is a law of life that where two laws come into conflict the lower law always gives way to the higher. That is a supreme law both of nature and in legislation. The highest law of the Christian life is to yield constantly to the leading of our Companion—the Holy Spirit. Then quiet time alone with the Master daily over His word for the training of the ear, and the training of the judgment, and the training of the tongue becomes the great essential.

But to-night the great question is:

THE HIGHEST LAW OF ACTION

Have you turned the channel of power—
your personality—over to Him to be
flushed and flooded with His power?
Will you?

“Only a smile, yes, only a smile,
That a woman o’er burdened with grief
Expected from you; ’twould have given
relief,

For her heart ached sore the while.
But, weary and cheerless, she went away,
Because, as it happened that very day,
You were *out of touch* with your Lord.

“Only a word, yes, only a word,
That the Spirit’s small voice whispered,
‘Speak’;
But the worker passed onward, unblest
and weak,

Whom you were meant to have stirred
To courage, devotion and love anew,
Because, when the message came to you,
You were *out of touch* with your Lord.

“Only a note, yes, only a note,
To a friend in a distant land;

THE CHANNEL OF POWER

The Spirit said 'Write,' but then you had
planned

Some different work, and you thought
It mattered little. You did not know
'Twould have saved a soul from sin and
woe—

You were *out of touch* with your Lord.

"Only a song, yes, only a song,
That the Spirit said, 'Sing to-night ;
Thy voice is thy Master's by purchased
right.'

But you thought, 'Mid this motley throng,
I care not to sing of the City of God' ;
And the heart that your words might
have reached grew cold—

You were *out of touch* with your Lord.

"Only a day, yes, only a day,
But oh ! can you guess, my friend,
Where the influence reaches and where it
will end

Of the hours that you frittered away ?
The Master's command is, ' Abide in Me ' ;
And fruitless and vain will your service be
If *out of touch* with your Lord."

THE PRICE OF POWER

The Law of Exchange.

Every man needs power. Every earnest man covets power. Every willing man has the Master's promise of power. But every man does not possess the promised power. And many, it is to be feared, never will. Many a man's life to-day is utterly lacking in power. Some of us will look back at the close of life with a sense of keen disappointment and of bitter defeat. And the reason is not far to seek nor hard to see through. If we do not have power it is because *we are not willing to pay the price.*

Everything costs. There is a law of exchange that rules in every sphere of life. It is this, "to get you must give." It rules in the business world. If I want a house or a hat I must give the sum agreed upon. It rules in the intellectual world. If a young man wants a disciplined mind he must give time, and close application, and some real hard work. It

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holds true in the spirit realm. If you and I wish to have business transactions in this upper world of spirit-life we must be governed by this same law. To have power in our lives over sin and selfishness, and passion, and appetite ; over tongue, and temper, and self-seeking ambition ; to have power in prayer, and in winning others over from sin to Jesus Christ, one must first lay down the required price.

What is the price of power ? Turn to Jesus' talk with Peter and the others in the latter part of the sixteenth chapter of Matthew's Gospel. Jesus has been telling them of the awful cross-experiences which He clearly saw ahead. Peter probably fearful that whatever came to his Master might possibly come to himself also, and shrinking back in horror from that, has the hardihood to rebuke Jesus. The Master, recognizing the suggestion as coming from a far subtler individual than Peter, who is using ignorant Peter's selfishness to repeat the suggestion of the

IN THE FOOTPRINTS OF JESUS

wilderness, again bids *him* begone. Then in a few simple words of far-reaching significance, He states first the standard of power, and then the price to be paid by one who would reach that standard. Listen to Him: "If any man would come after Me, let him deny himself and take up his cross and follow Me."

In the Footprints of Jesus.

Let us look a little into these familiar words: "If any man *would come after Me*"—that is the standard set before us. Not to be regarded as a pillar in the church, a leader in religious circles, a good Bible student, a generous giver, an earnest speaker, an energetic worker, a spiritually minded person, but, what *may* not be coupled with any or all of these admirable things, *to tread in the footprints of Jesus.*

Think back into that marvellous life. A human life, remember. For though He was Son of God He lived His life down here as a son of man. Think of His power

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over temptation, not alone at the outset in the fierce wilderness struggle, but through those succeeding years of intense conflict ; His power over Satan, over man-possessing demons, over disease ; His power in dealing with the subtle schoolmen trying their best to trip Him up, as well as over His more violent enemies who would have dashed Him over yon Nazareth precipice, or later stoned the life out of His body in Jerusalem. Recall the power of His rare unselfishness ; His combined plainness and tenderness of speech in dealing with men ; His unfailing love to all classes ; His power as a soul winner, as a man of prayer, as a popular preacher, lovingly wooing men while unsparingly rebuking their sins. *There* is the suggestion of Jesus' standard of power. Would you go *after Him* ? You may. For as the Father sent Him even so sends He us, to do the same work and live the same life.

But wait a moment before answering that question. There is another side in

IN THE FOOTPRINTS OF JESUS

His life to that "Come-after-me." Opposites brought into contact produce a violent disturbance. Such a life as that of Jesus, down in the atmosphere of this world, will of necessity provoke bitter enmities, both then and now. Listen. He was criticised and slandered. They said He was peculiar and fanatical. His friends thought Him "beside Himself," swept off His feet by excessive, hot-headed enthusiasm. They "laughed Him to scorn," and reviled Him. They picked His words and nagged His kindest acts, and dogged His steps. Repeated attempts were made upon His life, both at Nazareth and by stoning at Jerusalem. A determined conspiracy against His life was planned by the Jerusalem officials six months before the end actually came. He was practically a fugitive for those months. At the last He was arrested and mocked and *spit* upon, struck with open hand and clenched fist, derisively crowned with thorns, and finally killed—a cruel, lingering, tortured death.

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"If any man would *come after Me*." Plainly this language of Jesus put back into its original setting begins to assume a new significance.

A Fixed Purpose.

But look at these words a little more closely. "*If*"—it is an open question, this matter of following Jesus. It is kept open by many people who want to be known as Christian, but who hesitate over what a plain understanding of Jesus' words may involve. Some of us may be disposed to shrink back from the simple meaning these words will yet disclose.

"If any man *would*"—would is the past tense of will. The word will is one of the strongest in our language. A man's will is the imperial part of him. It is the autocrat upon the throne ; the judge upon the bench of final appeal. Jesus is getting down to the root of matters here. He is appealing to the highest authority. No

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mere passing sentiment is this. Not attending a meeting and being swept along with the crowd by the hour's influence. But a *fixed purpose*, calmly, resolutely settled upon, rooted away down deep in the very vitals of the will to follow Jesus absolutely, no matter what it may cost or where it may cut.

I wonder how many of us would form such a purpose, to follow Jesus *blindly*, utterly regardless of what it might be found to mean as the days come and go? "Oh, well," I hear someone say, "why talk like that. Nobody is required to suffer to-day as He did. Do you think not? I am not so sure about that. There is a young man in Southern India, a bright fellow, full of power, of high-class family, who heard of Jesus, and felt the personal appeal to himself of that marvelous story. He thought a good while of what it meant, and what it might involve, and at length resolutely formed his decision to accept and follow Jesus. As he had

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anticipated, his dear ones remonstrated with him, coaxed, pleaded, threatened, and finally, his own father violently put him out of his life-long home, and he has remained since *an outcast* from home and loved ones. These words of Jesus surely are full of significance to him.

“But that was in India, far off, heathen India,” you say. Well, here is something of a similar sort at home. I knew a young woman in a certain New England town visiting away from home. She attended some meetings where she was visiting, and decided to be a Christian. She was betrothed to a young man, not a Christian, in her home town. At once she wrote him explaining her new step thinking doubtless how glad he would be. For most men seem very willing to have their *wives* Christian. But he wrote back that if she were determined to be a Christian that must put an end to their engagement ! He was not a Christian and did not want his wife to be one. Every one here must

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know how serious a question that brought up for decision. For she was a true woman, and love's tendrils twine with wondrous tenacity about a woman's heart. And I presume, too, that everyone of you has already thought while I am speaking, of the temptation that, quick as a flash, went through her mind. "You need not make a public matter of this. Just be a true Christian in heart and life, and in that way *you'll win him over afterwards.*" I imagine some of you have heard something like that before. But she remembered that her new Master said "Confess" as well as "believe." It was a crisis; a severe struggle of soul. But she felt she must follow her Master's leading regardless of what it involved. And so she decided. You are not surprised to know that she was ill for a time. The intense strain of spirit affected her body. "If—any—man—would—come—after—Me" meant much to her. Did it not?

Without doubt if some of *us* listening

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to-day were to follow Jesus quietly, but absolutely, in all things as His own spirit plainly led, we would find as sharp a line of separation drawn against us, as did He in Palestine, and these young people in India and America.

Many a social door would be shut in our faces. O, shut *politely* of course! Society thinks it in very bad form to get unduly excited about mere matters of religious opinion. But the door is *shut*, and barred, too. Some of us would possibly be searching for other business positions before to-morrow's light faded away if we were determined to go only where *He* clearly pointed the way.

But we have only begun to get at the meaning of Jesus' words. Is there still a *fixed purpose* to follow regardless of what meaning these words may yet disclose? Not impossibly the company of those willing to go straight through this verse with a calm, determined "yes" to every word of Jesus, will grow smaller as we go on.

A CHARACTER SKETCH

A Character Sketch.

Let us go a little farther. "If any man would come after Me let him *deny himself*." "Deny himself"—what does that mean? Well, "deny" means to say "no," plainly and positively. "Himself" is the smoother English word for his-self. Let him say no to his-self. Please notice that Jesus is not speaking of what is commonly called self-denial. That is, repressing some desire for a time, sacrificing something temporarily in order to gain an advantage later. That sort of thing is not peculiar to the Christian life, but is practised by all classes, even among the lowest. He is not speaking of that, but something far more radical. Reading the verse through again it will be seen that there are three distinct persons referred to by Jesus. First, the "any man" He speaks of, and then the two others represented by these words "himself" and "Me," either one or the other of whom is

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influencing this "any man's" life. "Say no to his-self" is coupled with "follow Me." And the opposite is implied—"if any man will not do as *I* desire, he will continue to do as he is now doing, namely, "deny Me and follow his-self."

These two persons "self" and "Jesus" are placed here in sharpest contrast. An uncompromising antagonism exists between them. They are sworn foes, and every man must decide to which he will yield his allegiance. To agree with either one is to oppose the other one. For a man to settle some matter that comes up for decision by saying "yes" to the desires or demands of his-self involves his saying "no" to Jesus. And, on the other hand, his yielding assent to the plans and wishes of this "Me," *i.e.* Jesus, is plainly equivalent to saying "no" to his-self.

What is this "self" in each of us that Jesus sets in such antagonism to Himself, and instructs us to say a hard, uncom-

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promising, unceasing “no” to? There are a few words in common use that give some suggestion of its character. There is the word “selfish,” that is, being absorbed in one’s own self ; in getting every stream to flow by his own door. That is commonly regarded, even in absolutely worldly circles, as a detestable trait. Its opposite, “self-forgetful,” forgetting one’s self in thinking of others, is as commonly regarded in all circles as a charming, winsome trait of character. The words “self-centred,” and “self-willed,” are as familiar and suggestive.

The fact is, there is an individual living inside each one of us whom Jesus refers to, by this word “his-self.” This individual takes on the degree of intensity and other local colouring of the person it inhabits. It may be polished, scholarly, cultured ; or, coarse, ignorant, and ill-mannered. But—“scratch a Russian and you find a Tartar.” Scratch through the veneering here, and, whether coarse or

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highly polished, you will find the same individual—"self."

There are some quite marked characteristics by which its presence may be recognised. They may not all be noticeable together in any one person. But one or more will be found in every person whom it succeeds in influencing and dominating. One characteristic is this : *it covets praise*. It feeds and fattens on commendation. It constantly seeks to be highly esteemed, to have its worth properly appraised. It is immensely impressed with its own importance, its value to society, its keenness, wisdom or aptness, and wishes others to be so impressed also. It is fond of a mirror, especially one made to magnify. It seeks recognition. It presses forward, rudely or politely, according as its habitat has been trained in rude or polite circles. It may put on the garb of humility, and use the language of depreciation. But its ear is none the less keenly alert to hear the agreeable things and to cherish them.

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Another characteristic, which really is simply the other side of this first-named one, is this: *it shrinks from criticism*. How it writhes and twists at the least touch of unfavourable criticism! It is always on the defensive. The cheek colours at the suggestion of its being wrong, or having blundered, or of being peculiar.

How quickly it explains and defends and brings evidence of its being in the right. It is extremely sensitive. "It is that *touchy* thing in you." It is chronically troubled with "the disease of *touchiness*." It has an interrogation point constantly on sentinel duty, namely, "What will they think?" "What will they say?" It lives in constant fear, under the lash of that huge, vague, awful "they." Its feelings are readily hurt. It is easily slighted. It remembers grievances.

I remember knowing a Sunday School teacher who had a mission class of rather rough boys from non-Christian homes. I asked one day how she was getting along

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with them. "Going to give them up," she replied. "Is that so? They have all become Christians?" No, none of them were Christians, and they liked her, and said they would not come if she gave them up, but she felt discouraged, and anyway she had decided to give them up. Lawyers and women do not always give their reasons. I ventured to suggest that before giving them up she should have the boys come up to her home, one at a time, perhaps for tea; have a pleasant chatty time at tea and afterwards, and then before the boy left have a quiet, friendly talk with him by himself about being a Christian, and a few words of prayer with him. Wouldn't she try that before giving them up? And I remember distinctly that her face blushed as red as a bright red rose as she replied, "Why, Mr Gordon, he'd *laugh at me!*" And she could not bear the possible chance of being laughed at for the other more likely possibility of winning a soul—a man—a life. That was "self" in

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her, shrinking back from a laugh ; dreading that look of possibly contemptuous surprise that *might* come.

Another person, speaking about certain recreations very common in society, and which he was in the habit of joining, though freely questioning the propriety of so doing, said, " O, I don't care much for those things. I could easily give them up, but people think you are so queer if you decline, and you feel as if you were a back number." Ah ! there was the rub. The desire to be thought well of ; the dislike of being considered peculiar ; the fear of that thinly veiled sneering curl on the lip—that was " self " in him asserting its presence, and even more, ruling his action. Do you recognise the individual inside of you that Jesus is speaking of ?

There is a third tell-tale ear-mark of self that is difficult to conceal—*it is assertive*. It dearly loves to have its own way. It has plans and ambitions, and proposes to carry them through regardless

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of man, or—let the plain truth be spoken softly—of God. Its opinions are held tenaciously. Its favourite pronoun is “I,” capitalised, with variations of “my” and “me.” The personal equation is extremely powerful and persuasive.

The true follower of Jesus holds every plan “subject to change” from above. But this self, if allowed to rule, takes the bit in its tightly-shut teeth, and drives determinedly ahead, reckless of either man’s or God’s preferences, even though religious phrascology may be upon its tongue.

Still another trait of character of this self whose closer acquaintance we are making is this : *It has an insatiable appetite.* It grows hungrier by that on which it feeds. Its capacity is beyond the measuring line. If given free rein it will debase the holiest functions of the body, and degrade the highest powers of the mind to appease its gnawing, passion-bitten hunger. The noblest gifts, the purest emotions, the most sacred relationships, are dragged down

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to the slimy gutter to tempt and temporarily stay its jaded palate.

Unmasked.

That is something of a suggestion of the character of this other master than Jesus, who seeks to get control of us, and from whose relentless, vice-like grip Jesus would fain free us. He says there is only one thing to do with it. No half-way compromise—the great American expedient—will do here. The Master says plainly it is to be denied, repressed, put determinedly down, starved, strangled. To every suggestion or demand there is to be a prompt, positive, jaw-locked “no.”

There is war to the knife, and the knife clear up to the hilt, between these two claimants for the control of our powers—self and Jesus. Paul understood this antagonism thoroughly. It comes out repeatedly in his writings. His name for this inner enemy, by an accidental turn in

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English, is Jesus' word "self" spelled backwards with the letter "h" added—f-l-e-s-h. His remarks in Romans, eighth chapter, verses four to eight, and twelve to thirteen, are simply an enlargement of these words in the sixteenth of Matthew's Gospel. If one will read these verses, substituting Jesus' word "self" for Paul's word he will be surprised to find how strikingly Paul is expressing this very thought of Jesus. A free translation of part of these verses would read like this : Verse five—" They that choose to walk after self (as a slave walked after, or behind, his master) will show their choice by obeying the desires of self, and they that choose to walk after the Spirit will obey the desires of the Spirit." Verse seven—" For the purposes of self are opposed to God's purposes ; for it does not hold itself subject to God's wishes ; indeed, in its very nature it cannot ; and they that choose to obey self cannot please God." Verse thirteen—" If by the Holy Spirit's aid ye kill off the plans and doings

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of self, ye shall therein find real true life, and only so."

Plainly, the deep searching experiences of Paul's great soul, and his wide observation of others, in his ceaseless travels, confirm the statements already made, that there is the intensest hatred, the bitterest antagonism, between these two personalities represented by Jesus' words "himself" and "Me." There can be no patched-up truce here. The only way the lion and the lamb can lie down together in this case is for the one to lie down underneath the other—conquered ; or inside the other—devoured.

In his other letters Paul sometimes uses still another name, "the old man," and names the characteristics of this omnipresent self, which crop out with varying degrees of prominence, in different persons, and under different circumstances. Notice only a few of these : In Galatians, fifth chapter, nineteenth verse : "The deeds of self are . . . improper sexual

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intercourse, impurity, shameless looseness. . . ." It will, wherever possible, debase the holiest functions of the body. In Colossians, third chapter, fifth verse, speaking of the "old man": "And covetousness, which is reckoning of highest worth that which is less worthy than God." That is to say, the ambitious longings of self, will if unchecked become the ruling passion, thrusting all else ruthlessly aside and degrading the highest powers of the mind to satisfying its feverish desire. In Ephesians, fourth chapter, thirty - first verse: "Bitterness, passion, anger, loud disputing, evil-speaking . . . malice." Its assertiveness, and demand for a due recognition of its worth, its rights, its opinions, its proper place, bring bitterest burnings, and worse. It will not be needful to review recent Kentucky events, or common congressional, and political, and society life for illustrations. They may be found much nearer one's own door.

Was there ever such a list? Such a

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being whose heart begets and nurses such progeny ! This being has the smell of hell, and of the evil one himself. Ah ! now we are getting at the straight truth. Self is Satan's personal representative in every human heart. It gets in through the only door by which it ever can gain an entrance, namely the door of disobedience. How keen Jesus was in recognising the suggester of the thought that found expression through Peter's lips—"Get thee behind me, *Satan*." Self is Satan, condensed into each man's life, though in some he dare not exhibit his coarser traits ; and in others he is being *constantly conquered* by that power of the spirit of Jesus which comes through absolute, glad surrender to Him.

This sly Satan-self may often be recognised by a favourite question it asks among Christian people about a great many so-called unimportant matters :—"What's the harm ?" But a true follower of Jesus never lives down upon the plane of

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"what's-the-harm?" He lives up in a higher sphere with his Master, who "pleased not Himself," but made it the steady, unfaltering aim of His life to do always those things that were pleasing to His Father. Men thought Him narrow and fanatical, but He cared not so long as He could daily hear that clear, sweet voice saying "this is My beloved Son, in whom *I* am well pleased." The final touchstone which the follower of Jesus applies to every matter is this: *Would it please Him?*

Let everyone here who earnestly desires to fit into, and to fill out, Jesus' plan for his life, take paper and pencil and make a list of his personal habits; such as his eating, what he eats and how; his drinking, other things he puts into his mouth, his dress, the use and care of his body, his recreations, his reading, his conversation, his use of money, his use of time, his life plans and his daily plans, his social engagements; and regarding each ask

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plainly the question—what is the *motive* that *controls* me in this? Is it my own preference or enjoyment? or, is it to please and honour Jesus? Let him further go through the list of his business methods, his friendships, the various organizations he belongs to, with the same question. If he will do thorough work he will probably have some stiff fighting on hand both at the start and afterwards. Many a life would thereby be radically changed. For example, I know a Christian storekeeper who has on his shelves a certain article bearing the label of a tonic medicine. But he knows perfectly well, as does anyone who stops to think about it, that the stuff back of the label is one form of an intoxicant. There can be no question of what the Master would say about it. But it brings a good profit. And his money-fevered self asserts its mastery and carries the day. And the man tightly grips the profits, while Satan chuckles with unholy glee, and souls are

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being damned by this Christian man's aid. Certainly there can be none of the power of God in such a life. Let us rather speak the truth and say that this man is exerting a positive power for Satan and hell.

All this is included in these few simple words, "let him deny himself." Is there still a fixed purpose to follow Jesus without regard to what it may cost us, or where the keen edge of separation may cut in?

The Battle of the Forks.

Here is a forking of the road. I bring this whole company up to this dividing, and therefore deciding, point. Let each choose his own road deliberately, prayerfully, with open eyes. This road to the left has as its law, yielding to self; saying "Yes" to the desires and demands of self; with some modifications possibly, here and there, for I am talking to professing Christian people: "Yes" to Jesus *sometimes*, but at *other* times, when it suits

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circumstances and inclinations better to do otherwise—well, a pushing of the troublesome question aside. And that means a decided “yes ” to self, with as positive a negative to Jesus’ desires implied thereby. That is the left-hand fork.

This right-hand road knows only one law to which exception is never made, namely: *Yes to Jesus*, everywhere, always, regardless of consequences, though it may entail loss of friendships, or money, or position, or social standing, or personal preference, or radical change of plans, or what not.

Judas assented to the cravings of his ambitious self and said “no ” to his Master, thinking possibly, with his worldly shrewdness, thereby to force Jesus to assert His power. He little knew what a time of crisis it was, and what terrific results would follow.

Peter stood on the side of his cowardly, shrinking self in the court-yard that dark night, and against his Master. And

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though with matchless love he was forgiven, he never forgave himself, nor was able to get that night's doings out of his memory. Judas and Peter were brothers in action that night, and there are evidences that many other disciples are standing over in the same group. Are you? Which road do you choose to-night: this—to the left? Or, this—to the right?

I knew a young man who was deeply attached to an admirable young woman, both refined Christian persons, much above the average in native ability, and in culture. He made known to her his feelings. But as strong women are apt to do she held him off, testing him repeatedly, to find out just how real his attachment was. Finally revealing indirectly her own feeling she still withheld the consent he pleaded for, until he would yield acquiescence in a certain plan of hers for him. The plan, proper enough in itself, was an ambitious one, and tended decidedly to-

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ward swinging him away from the high, tenderly spiritual ideals that had swayed his life in college and afterwards, though he probably was not clearly conscious of this tendency. The only safe thing to do under such strong circumstances was to take time, aside, alone, for calm, poised, thought and prayer, to learn if her plan was also the Master's plan for him. But the personal element proved too strong for such deliberation. The possibility of losing her swung him off his feet. It was no longer a question between her plan and the Master's plan. The latter dropped out of view, probably half unconsciously because hurriedly. *He must have her*, he thought. That rose before his eyes above all else. And so the decision was made. With what result? He is to-day prominent in Christian service, an earnest speaker, a tireless worker, with a most winsome personality. But his inner spiritual life has perceptibly dwarfed. His ideals, still high and noble, are distinctly lower than

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in his earlier life. Intellectual ideals, admirable in themselves, but belonging to second place in a Christian life, now command the field. His conceptions and understanding of spiritual truth have undergone a decided change.

The proposal of the self-life came in very fascinating guise to him. He hastily said "yes" to it : that meant as decided a refusal of Another's plan for him, which had once been clearly recognised, and accepted, but was now set aside, be it sadly said, as he swung quickly off to the left fork of the road.

There is an incident told of a European pastor, an earnest, eloquent man. The realisation came in upon him that he had not been fully following the Master. In much of his life self was still ruling. He came to this forking of the road, and the battle was a fierce once, for self dies hard. But finally "by the Spirit," he got the victory, as everyone may, and calmly stepped off to the right. He has vividly

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described that battle of the forks in language, the accuracy of which will be recognised by others who have been in action, on that field.

“ Oh, the bitter shame and sorrow,
That a time could ever be
When I let the Saviour's pity
Plead in vain, and proudly answered :
‘ *All of self, and none of Thee.*’

“ Yet He found me : I beheld him
Bleeding on the accursed tree ;
Heard Him pray, ‘ forgive them, Father,’
And my wistful heart said faintly :
‘ *Some of self and some of Thee.*’

“ Day by day, his tender mercy,
Healing, helping, full and free,
Sweet and strong, and oh, so patient,
Brought me lower, while I whispered :
‘ *Less of self and more of Thee.*’

“ Higher than the highest heaven,
Deeper than the deepest sea,

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Lord, *thy love* at last has conquered ;
Grant me now my soul's desire,
‘ *None of self and all of Thee.*’ ”

Is there still a fixed purpose? Will you take this right fork? Let those who linger reluctantly and those who will listen to the further word that Jesus adds : “ Let him deny himself and take up his cross.” “ *Take up his cross* ” — what does that mean? The cross has come to be regarded in these days as a fine ornament. It looks beautiful bejewelled ; on the end of a sword ; or worked into regalia. It makes such an artistic finish to a church building, finely chiselled in stone, or entwreathed with ivy. It looks pretty in jewelry and flowers. But to Jesus and the men of His time it had a grim, hard, painful significance. In Roman usage a man condemned to death was required to take up the crude wooden cross provided, carry it out to the place of execution, and there be transfixed upon it. Plainly to

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these men listening, Jesus' words meant : Let him say "no" to his self, and then nail it up on the cross and leave it there *to die*.

Paul understood this thoroughly. To help the young Christians in Galatia he explains his own experience by saying : "*I have been crucified with Christ*" ; and to the unknown friends in Rome he writes : "if ye by the spirit *put to death* the doings of the self life ye shall live." The only thing to do with this self is to kill it.

In Luke's account an intensely practical word is added to Jesus' remark : "Let him take up his cross *daily*." A cat is said to have nine lives, because it is so hard to kill. I do not know what your experience may have been, but, judged by this rule, the self in me is tougher-lived than that. It has about ninety-nine, or nine hundred and ninety-nine lives. I put it on the cross to-day in the purpose of my will by the power of the Spirit,

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and I find it trying to sneak down and step into active control again to-morrow through some sly, subtle suggestion which it hopes may get past the vigilance of my sentinel. That word *daily* becomes, of necessity, my constant keynote—a *daily* conflict, a *daily* sleepless vigilance, and, thank God, a *daily victory*.

Every man's heart is a battlefield. If self has possession, Jesus is lovingly striving to get possession. If possession has been yielded to Jesus, there is a constant besieging by the forces of self. And self is a skilled strategist. In every heart there is a cross, and a throne, and each is occupied. If Jesus is on the throne, ruling, self is on the cross, dying. But if self is being obeyed, and so is ruling, then it is on the throne. And self on the throne means that *Jesus has been put on the cross*. And it seems to be only too pathetically true that not only in New Testament times, but in these times, there are numbers of professing Christians, who,

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in the practice of daily life, are crucifying the Son of God afresh, and openly exposing Him to shame before the eyes of the crowd.

Suppose that to-night I determine to make this absolute surrender to Jesus as my Master. To-morrow in some matter, possibly a small matter—speaking a word to someone—asking a silent blessing at the meal—making a change in some personal habit—or some other apparently trivial matter,—the Spirit quietly makes clear *His wish* as to what I should do. But I hesitate : it seems hard. I do not say that I will not obey, but actually *I do not*. Let me plainly understand that in such a single failure to obey, self is again mounting the throne, and Jesus is being dethroned and put over yonder on the cross.

Do some of us still hesitate at this forking of the roads, irresolute? A crowned Christ is attractive. But self's tendrils, though small, are tenaciously

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tough, and twine into so many corners and around some hidden things. And the uprooting and outcutting mean sharp pain. Is that so? And you hesitate? Please take another frank look.

Lock-Step.

These two forks differ radically. They differ in direction. One is to the *left*; the other to the *right*. And these two words are significant of more than direction. They differ in grade. This left-hand road does not seem to have any grade. It is smooth and level, and straightaway, *apparently*. But a keener look reveals a slant *down*, very slight at first, but steadily increasing, not only in its downward grade, but in the *proportionate* grade down.

This right-hand road has a decided grade *up* from the beginning, a steep slant, that causes many to avoid it, though they feel impelled to take it. Those who

LOCK-STEP

take it say that after the first decided step into it the slant does not seem nearly so hard as before starting, and that climbing it makes splendid muscle and gives an inspiring sense of exhilaration from the very start. The atmosphere is rare and purifying and invigorating. It is not travelled by so many, though the number keeps increasing. But such rare companionship, hitherto unknown, they afford !

The *striking peculiarity* of this road, however, is this, that each one keeps lock-step with a Certain One who leads the way. This One is remarkable in appearance. His face combines all the strength and resolution of the strongest man's with all the fineness and gentleness of the finest woman's. But he bears peculiar marks as though He had been through some terrible experience. His face has a number of small scars as though it had been torn by thorns and cut by thongs. His hands and feet look as though huge

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spikes had been forced through them. But the glory-light of another world is in His eyes, and illumines His face radiantly, and a glad ring is in His low, musical, singularly clear voice.

The walking in step with Him is *so* close that one can feel the tender throbbing of His heart, and can talk confidentially with Him in low, quiet tones, and can hear distinctly His gentle still-like voice in reply.

As one steps off quietly, determinedly to the right from the battle of the forks he hears the closing words of Jesus' remarks to Peter—" *and follow Me.*" Jesus sends no one ahead alone. He blazes out every path through the unknown, unbroken forest, and asks us simply to come along after Him. He did what He asks us to do. The self-life was alluringly and repeatedly presented to Him by Satan, in the wilderness, in the remark of Peter, by the visit of the Greeks, in Gethsemane, where the struggle of soul almost broke

LOCK-STEP

the tie that held body and spirit together, and many other times. In many a hard battle—for the divine Jesus was intensely human in His earthly life—He repeatedly said a never-varying “No” to the self-life, and lived a constant victory until the very last triumphant shout of victory on Calvary. It was a life of constant conflict, but of splendid, calming, scarce-broken peace within, and of marvellous power without.

Earnestly, lovingly, gently, yet passionately, He stands just ahead in that path now, with pierced hands outstretched in open invitation, with a heart-yearning in the depths of His great eyes, wooing us on to follow where He goes on before.

Let us follow. It may be, it *will* be, in some measure, through the experiences of the wilderness temptation, and of Gethsemane, and of Calvary, but it will also be to share the victory which was always coupled with every testing *He* met. It will as certainly be following

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Him in power, and victory, on past Calvary to the new life of the resurrection morning, that saw the greatest display of power. And even past that, to the upper chamber where His words burn their way into our hearts—"as the Father sent Me (clothed with power unconquerable) even so send I you." And then to Olivet, where the victorious words ring out, "All power hath been given unto Me in heaven and on earth, therefore go ye and make disciples."

*"If any man
would come after me,
let him say 'no' to his self,
and nail it to the cross daily,
and follow me."*

Jesus, Master, by the Holy Spirit's help,
I will.

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POWER

A Personally Conducted Journey.

Everyone enjoys the pleasure of travel ; but nearly all shrink back from its tiresomeness and drudgery. The transportation companies are constantly scheming to overcome this disagreeable side for both pleasure and business travel. One of the popular ways of pleasure travel of late is by means of personally conducted tours. A party is formed, often by the railroad company, and is accompanied by a special agent to attend to all the business matters of the trip. A variation of this is to arrange for a group of congenial people to accompany some well-known accomplished gentleman. This gives the trip, not alone the convenience of having all business matters cared for, but also the decided enjoyment which this gentleman's wide knowledge and experience, and personal contact incidentally give. There are some criticisms, however, of such parties, from the standpoint of greatest comfort and of freedom in moving about.

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Probably the very pleasantest way—the ideal way, to travel anywhere, either in our own home land, or abroad—is to form a party of only a very few persons, mutually congenial, with the same tastes and sympathies, and personally agreeable, *one of whom is an experienced traveller*, to whom checking baggage, buying tickets, studying time-tables, planning connections and all the rest of that sort of thing which, to most, is disagreeable drudgery, to whom all that is mere pleasant detail ; and who in addition knows all the ground you will cover, the best hotels, the inconveniences to avoid, the desirable places and things, and who finds rare enjoyment in making the trip delightful and inspiring, and restful too, to these dear friends of his.

For instance if the trip is a foreign one beginning with a run through Great Britain it would add immensely to have such a friend in London who knew that great whirling world-metropolis, as you know your own home. After a bit you may

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slip over the Channel to Holland. It is only a few hours away, but the strange language, new custom house rules, new usages, new sights, different sort of people, all make it a totally different world. A few hours will bring you into Sweden, or west from the hollow-landed Dutch to the higher-landed Germans, or south through Belgium into sunny France, and so on. And in each place the customs, and language, and sights, and people, the food, the sleeping arrangements, and apparently everything, especially to a stranger, are totally different. It is this very variety—the constant change of surroundings—that constitutes much of the charm of it all. There is nothing so refreshing and invigorating as that. But on the other hand to an entire stranger who has no guide, it is apt to be confusing and wearisome. And the tiresome side often overcomes the pleasant side. Now this is what I am saying, that, if there are just a few together, and this experienced traveller, who is also

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a dear friend, is one of them, the trip is radically changed. You move in a new world. He can talk Dutch in Holland, and German in Germany, Swedish in Scandinavia, and French in Switzerland. He sees the baggage past the customs officials, and provides restful stopping places, and keeps the disagreeables away from you. He knows the places to visit, and is familiar with the historic occurrences, and is a quiet, cheery companion, and *if* with it all he has an unlimited letter-of-credit, and makes you feel that somehow you are favouring him by letting him help you out when you run short—that, I say, would be *the ideal way of travelling*. . . .

Now why take so much time speaking about all that? Listen! I will tell you why. Living is like travelling. Life is a journey. It is a trip through a strange land where you have never been before, and you never know a moment ahead where you are going next. Strange lan-

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guages, strange scenes, strange dilemmas ; new tangles, new experiences, and some old ones with new faces so you do not know them. It is just as choke-full of pleasure and enjoyment as it can be, if you could only make some provision for the drudgery and hard things that seem to crowd in so thick and fast sometimes, as to make people forget the gladness of it.

Now I have something to tell you that seems too utterly good to be believed, and yet keeps getting better all the way along. It is this : the Master has planned that your life journey shall be a personally conducted journey on this ideal plan. It was said a night or two ago that the Master has thought into your life and made arrangement for all its needs. Let me add to-night this further fact : *He has arranged with His best friend, who is an experienced traveller, to go with you and devote Himself wholly to your interests.*

Some of you, I am afraid, will smile, and think that I am just indulging in a

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fancy sketch—drawing on my imagination. And so I pray our Master to burn into our hearts that it is plain, matter-of-fact truth, for everyday life. I would say that it is cold fact were it not that such a fact can never be cold.

Power is a Person.

Each of these talks, you have noticed, has led up to the one idea of surrender. That word surrender stands for one side only of a transaction—*our* side. As in all transactions, there is another side—*His* side to whom the surrender is made. To-night we want to take a step in advance and talk about the part which Jesus has in this surrender-transaction. All truth goes in pairs. The partnership word with surrender is mastery. Surrender on my part is followed by mastery on His part. There are two personalities in this transaction. You are one : an important one, but only one. To-night we shall try to get a better acquaint-

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ance with the other One. The One who assumes control of the surrendered life, who is to be our personal guide and friend.

Will you recall again the Master's good-bye Olivet message, and notice just what it means? Listen to the very words: "Ye shall receive power." Let me ask you—what is power? Will someone give a simple definition of that word? There are four words, four of the commonest, most familiar in our language, for which I have not been able to find a definition. If someone here can help me I'll be grateful. They are the words life, light, love, and power. What do they mean? I can find plenty of statements *about* them, descriptions of what each of these is like, but no definitions.

What is life? Recently I looked into the statement regarding life made by three of the most famous English scientists of the nineteenth century, whose names are household words. I read them carefully. The wisdom and keenness of observation

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they show are amazing. But when I had studied and read them repeatedly I found myself asking—what *is* life? They have described rarely the functions and characteristics of life, but have not told what it is. They do not seem to know. Do you?

What is light? Will someone tell me? The corpuscular theory, which the famous Newton advocated, is long since abandoned. The later wave theory is pretty generally accepted, and yet they cannot all agree upon that. These people say that light is a part of the kind of energy called radiant energy. Does that give you any clear idea of *what light is*? The sun of course is not light, only a light-holder and distributor. According to the oldest record we have of the creation, light existed before these light-holders, the sun and moon and stars.

What is love? Well, you all *know*, I hope. Pity the poor man who does not know by experience what love is. But you cannot tell what it is. Oh! you say,

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"it is emotion." Yes, so is hate, its very opposite. "Well, love is affection." Yes. What is affection? "Well, it is a pleasurable feeling, or regard, which may be very intense, and which leads us to unlimited sacrifice if need be. It is a devotion that grips the soul tremendously." That is true; yet that is only telling what love is like. No simple, plain definition of love, or light or life has ever been formed yet by man so far as I can learn.

What is power? You may say it is force. And what is force? "Well, force is a form of energy." What is energy? "Well," you reply, "it is a strong inward movement whose strength is very impressive." Someone says "power is ability." And ability? "Well, that is the innate power to do something." And so we get to use our word in the attempted definition itself, which is simply talking in a circle. We can find good descriptive words, but no defining words.

Now mark a singular fact. In the

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writings of John, in this old book I have here, you will find a few statements regarding these things which combine wondrous simplicity of language with marvellous, yes, unfathomable, depth of meaning. First, about life : in chapter one, verse four, of the gospel :—"in Him was life," being an evident allusion to the remarkable Genesis statement : " the Lord God breathed into his nostrils the breath of life, and man became a living soul." Then, about love : In chapter four, verse seven, of his first epistle :—"love is of God"; coupled with the twice spoken words "God is love" in the same chapter. About light : In chapter one, verse five, of the same epistle, "God is light."

I know some of you, perhaps some skilled theologian here, is saying to himself, " those are statements of *moral* truths." And I understand that that is the common conception. But I want to state here my own profound conviction, based on the Spirit-breathed words of John, that some

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day, when we shall know about all these deep things, we shall be finding that there is a basis not only of moral truth, but of far more than moral truth underlying those profoundly simple statements.

And I believe in that day we shall find that life—all life—is, in some actual, marvellous way, the outbreathing of God's own being. And that light is the inherent radiance of His person and face and that the universal passion of love is the throbbing pulse-beat of His own great heart.

Now why take time to speak about these things to-night when we are talking about power? I will tell you why. Because they give the intensest practical significance to a similar statement about that word power with which we *are* greatly concerned just now.

Mark the language Luke uses in describing that memorable Olivet scene in which we are so deeply interested in these talks together. The old King James version reads: "ye shall receive power *after* that

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the Holy Spirit is come upon you." The revised version puts it in this way, "ye shall receive power *when* the Holy Spirit is come upon you." Some of you have probably noticed that some editions give a marginal note, which, in this case, proves to be the literal reading, namely : *ye shall receive power the Holy Spirit coming upon you.* Not "after," nor "when," but simply "the Holy Spirit coming," etc. That is to say, *the Holy Spirit is power.* That you will observe fits in with the form of statement John uses. The Holy Spirit in control, unhindered, unhampered, means power manifest in the life. That is the tremendous truth of God's book. And as a bit of side evidence it is striking to observe that all Scripture statements throughout fit in with that conception. Power is a person. Not some thing, nor influence, nor sentiment, nor some wonderful working upon our hearts at a distance by God seated up yonder on the throne. That were wonderful indeed. But

A SIGNIFICANT NAME

a person called the Holy Spirit, living in me—shall I make it very definite by saying, living *in my body*—that is power. If restrained by sin, or disobedience, or ignorance, or wilfulness of any sort, then power *restrained*, held in check, not evident. If utterly unrestrained, given free sway and control—ah ! then power manifest, limitless, wonderful, all exercised in carrying out God's will in, and with and through me.

And the marvellous message I bring you from the old book of God is this : *The Master has sent a dear friend of His, and of yours, who is experienced, and strong, and loving, personally to conduct you through your daily life, and His presence unrestrained, means power unlimited.*

A Significant Name.

Do you remember that heart-to-heart talk that Jesus had with the eleven disciples that last night they spent to-

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gether in the upper room? John tells us about it in chapters thirteen to sixteen. The Master talks a great deal that night, about Some One else, who was coming to take His place with them. They did not understand what He meant till afterwards. He packs more into that one evening's talk about this coming One than all He had said before put together. Notice that now He gives a name, a new name, to this person, repeated four times that night. It is an intensely significant name—the *Comforter*. Will you remember, and keep constantly in mind, the actual meaning of that new name? It is simply this: *one called alongside to help*.

Let me attempt to suggest a little of its practical meaning.

Here is a little girl standing on the curb-stone down town on Broadway in New York, with a bundle in her arms. She has been sent on an errand, and wants to get across the street. But the electric cars are whizzing past in both directions, and

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wagons, and carriages, and omnibusses, and horses jam the street from curb to curb, and she cannot get across. She stands there gripping her bundle, watching eagerly for a chance, and yet afraid to venture. But the jam seems endless, and she grows very tired, and by and by the corners of her mouth begin to twitch down suspiciously, and a big tear is just starting in each eye. Just then a big policeman steps up, one of the finest, six feet tall, and heavy and broad. He seems like a giant to her. He stoops down. Would you imagine he had such a gentle voice? "What's the matter?" "Can't get 'cross." Oh! is that all; he'll fix that. And he takes her little hand in his with a reassuring "come along." And along she goes, past cars, under horses' heads, close up to big wheels. She is just as small as before, and just as weak. But though her eyes stay pretty big, the tears are gone, and there is an air of confidence, because this big, kind-hearted giant by her side is

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walking across the street as though he owned the whole place, *and he is devoting his entire attention to her.* That policeman is a comforter in the strict meaning of the word.

Here is a boy in school, head down close to the desk, puzzling over a "sum." It won't "come out." He figures away, and his brow is all knotted up, and a worried look is coming into his face for he is a conscientious little fellow. But he cannot seem to get it right and the clouds gather thicker. By and by the teacher comes up. "How are you getting along?" "Won't come out right"—in a very despondent tone. "Let me see," and she sits quietly down by his side, with a kindness of manner that mellows the awe of having her so close. "Did you subtract that. . . .?" "Oh-h-h! I forgot that," and a little light seems to break, as he scratches away for a few moments; then pauses. "And this figure here, should it be. . . .?" "Oh-h-h, I see." More scratching, and a

A SIGNIFICANT NAME

soft sigh of relief, and the knitting brows unravel, and the face brightens. The teacher did not do the problem for him. She did better. She let him feel her kindly interest first of all, and gave just the light, experienced touch that showed him the way out, and yet allowed him the peculiar pleasure of getting through himself. *That is what "Comforter" means.*

One summer a friend suggested to me spending a week on Lake Chautauqua. I did not have the money to spare, and so told him I was not sure I could arrange to get away. But he seemed to divine the basis of my objection, and insisted on my going along. We went. I had very little money with me. I got on the train without a ticket, took a seat in the parlour car, stopped at the best hotel, had a choice room on the ground floor, patronised the well ordered dining-room regularly, and made free use of the place. And all the time I had practically no money with me. But would you believe me I was not a

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particle concerned about paying for those privileges. Never felt less concern about anything in my life. You know why. *I had a trustworthy friend with me who was concerned for me.*

Now these are simple suggestions, illustrating *partly* the meaning of that marvellous name Jesus gave to the Holy Spirit. I will send another Comforter, one who will be right by your side to help ; sympathetic, experienced, strong ; and He will stay with you all the time. In the kitchen, in the sitting room, the sick room, with the children, when work piles up, when things jangle or threaten to, when the baby is cross, and the patching and sweeping and baking, and all the rest of it seem endless ; on the street, in the office, on the campus, in the store, when tempted—almost slipped, when opportunity opens for a quiet personal word, everywhere, everytime, in every circumstance, one alongside to help. Is not that wonderful ?

A PICTORIAL ILLUSTRATION

A Pictorial Illustration.

There is one bother about illustrations : they never do tell all the truth. They never are as vivid, nor as good as the truth, that is when you are talking about our Master, or His arrangements. The very best illustrations of Bible truth are Bible illustrations. Now there is a striking pictorial illustration back in the Old Testament of the meaning of this name of the Holy Spirit. It is in the story of a most remarkable journey from Egypt to the border line of Palestine. The journey was remarkable for two things. First, for the sort of country it was through. It is a trackless waste of sand, that spreads over thousands of square miles. It was infested with venomous serpents and scorpions, and is described as "all that great and terrible wilderness," "a waste howling wilderness," and "a land of deserts and pits, of drought and of the shadow of death, that

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none passed through, and where no man dwelt." Think of taking a trip through a country like that ! But it was even more remarkable because of the transformation that took place in the travellers. For a mob of four millions of people was changed into a well organised nation. The explanation given is fully as remarkable as the trip, and the transformation. It must strike very strangely on the cold, matter-of-fact ears of this materialistic world we dwell in. It is this : that the Lord God Himself actually went with them in person, and lived with them, and took immediate charge of everything. He had promised Moses, their leader, that He would do this. Just how definite, or indefinite, a thing that meant to Moses' mind we cannot know. But it became very definite and tangible that memorable night of departure from the iron furnace of Egypt. For there was a real physical evidence of His presence. There appeared a column or pillar of fleecy-like cloud

A PICTORIAL ILLUSTRATION

which came down close to the ground, and which every one could plainly see. At night time it shone and flamed as a pillar full of partly concealed fire. God's voice spake out of it in their hearing. And that presence-cloud never left them. In spite of complaints, and criticisms, and rebellions of the most mean and exasperating kind, it never left them until they had safely arrived at the border line of the promised Palestine.

Now it is extremely fascinating in tracing that journey to notice just what that cloud came to mean to them. If you will run rapidly through the three wilderness books, Exodus, Leviticus and Numbers, you will find there twenty distinct incidents¹ which illustrate how God's actual presence in that cloud was made very real to them in practical affairs. In those incidents there are ten different ways in which they were made to feel that powerful Presence.

¹ See note at the end.

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At the outset it is mentioned that the chief purpose was "to lead them by day," and, by night "to give them light." Five incidents speak of bodily nourishment including fresh food daily with occasional extras, and a full supply of pure living water. Five speak of protection from bodily harm. Two tell of the defeat of an enemy. Once there is chiding for ingratitude. Six times rebuke or punishment for sin. In four they are held back when dead-set on a very wrong course. Twice there is instruction in their leader's plan for them. Three times a fuller manifestation of Himself, and each time this is preceded by obedience on their part in some particular matter. Once there is a special plan suggested for relief in managing the nation's affairs. And then the fact is stated that whenever Moses went apart to talk with God the cloud descended lower, that is, *God came nearer* when Moses desired to talk with Him. So you see, the cloud meant guidance

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through that trackless desert, food supplies, protection, defeat for the enemy, chiding, restraint, punishment, instruction, help in business matters, a more intimate manifestation of the glorious personality of their Guide, and a gracious coming nearer whenever desired. Was not that a practical real presence of the great God with them all those days.

Now that is the Bible's own graphic illustration of the meaning of that new name given to the Holy Spirit by Him who knew Him best, *Comforter—one alongside to help.*

On a Higher Level.

Before we leave that illustration, we must notice a very significant thing which is no small part of the truth illustrated. Though the cloud appeared the very night of that sudden going out of Egypt, and was never absent from them by day or by night, yet a full

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year afterwards there was a new experience. By God's direction a special tent was made and set up in which He said He would dwell. It was known as God's dwelling-place, the tent of meeting, the tabernacle, the tent of testimony. When everything concerning its setting up had been fully done as specified, then there was an experience the most remarkable they had yet had with God. It was a new manifestation of the glorious presence of their unseen Friend-Guide. It is twice said that the tent was "*filled*" with His glory. And this nearer disclosure which God gave of Himself was so marvellously glorious and overpowering that even Moses, who had spent almost twelve weeks in that mount with God, in closer intimacy than anyone else—even Moses was not able to enter into the tent, so over-aweing was that Presence.

Now, it is of intensest interest to mark four things about that experience. *First* of all, before it came, there was *obedience*

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to God's instructions. Eighteen times within the narrow limits of the last two pages of the Exodus record it is said that Moses and the people did everything in every particular, just exactly as "the Lord commanded Moses." There was explicit obedience before anything else. *Then* followed the wondrous *infilling* of the tent with God's presence. The *third* thing is particularised very carefully : all their movements were directed and controlled by that Presence. Clearly the only safe rule for living in that terrible desert was to plan to live a planless life, so far as their own planning was concerned. Besides the last two verses of Exodus which emphasize this, I find that in my revised Oxford edition forty-five lines in the ninth chapter of Numbers are given to telling how exactly they were guided, and how explicitly they followed their Guide. It seems almost at first reading as though there was a decidedly needless repetition. You seem to under-

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stand the thing easily enough without that. But as one reads it again, and yet again slowly, it begins to dawn upon the mind that the purpose is to put marked emphasis on this feature of their new life in the wilderness. The people would rise in the morning, and probably the first thing done was to look out toward the cloud to learn if there was to be any change that day. And so during the day there would come to be an instinctive habit of watching that cloud. They might remain in a camping-place for months, or only for a few weeks, or, possibly, only for a few days. They never knew a day ahead. They lived literally a day at a time. It was certainly a hand-to-mouth existence so far as the daily manna was concerned. But then it was from *His* hand to *their* mouths, and that made a great difference. It was equally so in their movements and in all of their new life. When, one morning as thousands of heads peep out, the cloud is seen to

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have lifted up from over the tent, the next question was—which direction? It might be toward the west, or it might be just the opposite, toward the east. Both the time of going, and the direction, and the pace, were regulated by the presence of their Friend in that cloud. Their life was a life of obedience to the will of their wise, loving Companion.

The *fourth* thing was intimacy of intercourse. It is a little unfortunate that in the printing of our English Bibles gaps should occur sometimes where the sense would be clearer without them. There is a break, for instance, between the last verse of Exodus and the first verse of Leviticus. The reading is meant to be continuous, and shows that after the infilling and the explanation about guidance, that God "*called*" Moses to Him, and *commenced talking about their new life*. Now, in connection with that call, and all their after talks, notice a remarkable statement in the last verse of that long seventh

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chapter of Numbers. It explains just *how* God talked with Moses. Listen : " Whenever Moses went into the tent of meeting to speak with Him, *then he heard the voice* speaking unto him from above the mercy-seat that was upon the ark of the testimony, from between the two cherubim ; and *He* speaketh unto him." There was the living, loving voice of their Companion - God, which Moses could plainly hear, and which others heard, talking familiarly and intimately about all their affairs. Several times when in doubt what to do Moses promptly went off into the tent, then the cloud would come down nearer, and Moses would state his difficulty, and back would come that clear distinct voice with an answer. Group up those four things : obedience, the never-to-be-forgotten infilling, the controlling guidance, and intimate companionship.

That is the very best illustration I can find of the meaning of that word which Jesus now chooses out and uses as the

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new name which would most vividly tell what the Holy Spirit was to be to all believers after His own departure. All that the presence of God in that pillar was to those people, and to Moses personally, all that the Holy Spirit will be to you. And my own conviction is that Jesus had that Old Testament scene in His mind. For if you will turn again to that last night's talk, you will find a striking repetition of the steps or peculiarities of that wilderness experience. Though here the whole experience is on a much higher, finer plane. There is a closeness of personal regard, a depth of that deepest of all loves, friendship love, that is not found in the Old Testament story, except perhaps between Moses himself and God.

But now read the twenty-first verse of the fourteenth chapter of John : " He that hath My commandments and keepeth them, he it is that loveth Me ; and he that loveth Me shall be loved of My Father, and I will love him, and *will*

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manifest Myself unto him." And the twenty-third verse adds to it : " If a man love Me, he will keep My word : and My Father will love him, and *We will come unto him and make Our abiding place with him.*" Notice : there is obedience ; it is accepted as an evidence of love : there is a return love—a new, higher, reciprocal love : then there is a revealing of Himself ; and constant abiding. Now run your eye through the remaining part of that evening's conversation, and you can quickly pick out these words : " teach," " bring to your remembrance," " guide," " bear witness of Me," " tell you coming things," " tell you about Me."

Does not that parallel wonderfully the wilderness experience ? Only it is all put on such a higher plane. There is a fulness, and richness, and tenderness, of personal intimacy here. The Presence in the wilderness was for the national life : here it is peculiarly for the personal life. There He dwelt actually in the heart of

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the nation. Here He dwells actually in one's own very person. And then, too, now He can do so much more *in* us because so much more has been done for us through the person of Jesus.

How to Find the Meaning.

May I say right here plainly : there seems to be in some quarters a hazy idea about the Holy Spirit being a person. It is extremely common, even among people of excellent Christian training, to find Him referred to, both in prayer and speech as "It." Could anything be more disrespectful or insulting, if it were intentional instead of being thoughtless or, in ignorance, as I am sure it really is. Imagine my speaking of the pastor of this church in that way. "*It* is a good preacher. *It* is a helpful pastor." You smile, and he smiles. But if I said it repeatedly, and in sober earnest, you know how insulted he would be. I

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suppose that the use of the word "itself" for the Holy Spirit in the eighth chapter of Romans is largely responsible for this. The revisors have properly substituted the word "himself." That very usage so common has doubtless accustomed many persons to a vague idea of the personality of the Spirit. And yet apart from that, there is without doubt much mistiness, and uncertainty, in some minds, because of the difficulty of thinking of a person without a form. It seems impossible for our minds to grasp the idea of existence without bodily shape, yet of course we believe in a personal God. Probably another reason is that the Holy Spirit's work is not to speak of Himself but of Another—of Jesus. He is Jesus' representative, and is constantly absorbed in filling us with thoughts of His Chief. And when our minds are most deeply stirred with thoughts of Jesus then it is that in that very fact of being so stirred we have clearest evidence of the Holy Spirit's presence within us.

HOW TO FIND THE MEANING

His very faithfulness to His mission has led to Himself suffering depreciation at our hands, through our ignorance.

I am sure it must help us all decidedly in getting a clear-cut, sharply-defined idea of His personality to notice the language Jesus uses in speaking of Him that night. For instance, notice that in your English version the personal pronouns "he," "whom," "him," "which" (used in the sense of who as is common with the British translators), occur twenty-four times. A study of the actual words used would prove helpful and interesting. One of them, used several times, is peculiarly emphatic, its meaning being equivalent to the expression "that person there."

And then notice the words used to describe what this person will do: "He shall teach," "bring to your remembrance," "bear witness of Me," "convict the world of," three distinct things, "shall guide," "shall hear," "shall speak," "shall declare," "shall glorify Me," "shall take of

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Mine and declare it unto you." Everyone of these ten different expressions implies intelligence and discrimination, and therefore of course personality. And then added to this is the name given to Him here of which so much has been said.

May we take just another look at that name—" *The Comforter* "—as we close our talk together? I wish with my whole heart, and I pray, that a vivid sense of the meaning of that name may be one result of this evening's meeting. I was travelling alone in Germany one hot July day on a train going down to the city of Worms. It was quite hot and I was very tired, and my head aching, I distinctly remember. The conductor came along and objected to my ticket. Before leaving this country, I thought I knew a *little* of German, enough to worry through on. My ideas on that subject changed a trifle over there, however. That day my tired ears refused to recognise any familiar sounds on the conductor's lips, and my

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tired tongue refused to utter anything satisfactory to him. And there I was, a complete stranger in a strange land, too tired to think or have any mental resources, not knowing but I might be put off at the next station. In fact, just tired enough for good worrying. It looked blue for a few moments. But not for long. A young man by my side, a Jew, spoke to me in excellent English. Was any sound ever so welcome! He straightened the conductor out, and then we fell to talking together. He proved to be a very intelligent, agreeable companion. I found his home was in the city where I was going. So we got off there together, and he simply devoted himself to me for the day. He took me up to a good hotel, and while I was eating dinner, went and got his brother who had been in America, and who entertained me while I ate. Then he took me to his father's home, a large, wealthy house overlooking the famous Luther monument, where I rested awhile.

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And then a quick run to a few interesting points, and finally when leaving time came, he insisted on accompanying me to the station, and making sure I had a good seat, and then bade me a gracious good-bye.

That day lingers in my memory as one of the green spots of that trip. It touched me to think that my Master graciously sent one of His own despised race to be my friend. Do you not think that that man, experienced where I was ignorant, and so sympathetic, was a living illustration to me of Jesus' name for the Holy Spirit—*one called alongside to help?*

One day recently, riding on a Lake Shore train in Ohio, I chanced to notice the conductor stopping to speak to a little girl sitting behind me. Then I noticed that she was alone and crying a little, quietly. She did not answer his questions, but he must have been a father, I thought, because he seemed to understand so well. Speaking to a kind-faced motherly looking woman in the next seat he had the little

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girl go back and sit beside her, next the window. They did not talk much, if any, I noticed. But the girl was snuggled up close, and I knew from her face that she felt the warm sympathy of that friendly presence, and that the terrible feeling of loneliness had gone. Is not that woman another illustration of that name Comforter? Her mere presence was all that was needed to clear the skies and change the atmosphere for the little lone and lonely traveller.

But Jesus Himself has a very striking way of making clear just what He meant, by coupling another word with that new name the first time He used it. He says, "I will send *another* Comforter." The comparison is with Himself. He is one Comforter. The Holy Spirit another one. The only other time this word is used is by John in his first epistle, and is translated by our word advocate, and refers to Jesus. Jesus practically says: "You know what I have been to you these months

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past." And they would think through the close intimacy of nearly two years. How He had spoken with unmistakable plainness when they were in the wrong, but also how loving with a strong love He had been, how patient, and gentle, and resourceful, and how He seemed to yearn over them that they might grow into His ideal for them. "Now," He says, "I am going away, but I will send you *another* one who will be to you all that I have been—*and more.*" *And more!* That comparative more, either spoken or implied, runs all through this last long confidential talk. "More, much more, *because I go unto the Father.*" Jesus crucified, risen, glorified can do much more by far in us by His other self, the Holy Spirit, than He could in person on the earth those years. And the wondrous meaning of that "another comforter" to you and me, my friends, to-night is simply this: it is the same as though the Lord Jesus had actually come back again

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and *you had Him all to yourself—and more.*

But I cannot tell you the meaning of that wonderful name. Nor yet the wondrous charm of Him, who, for our sakes, embodies it. You may put together all these illustrations in the attempt to get a real, close-up, idea of what Jesus meant in that love-gift of His to you. And then you will not know. There is really only one way to gain that knowledge. It is this: take the step which belongs to *your* side of the transaction between you and the Master. Surrender yourself to Him to be changed and cleansed and used as He may choose. Then *He* will begin at once working out the side that belongs to Him. *You shall be filled with His presence.* Then you will *begin* to know. Then you can sing—

“I have a wonderful guest,
Who speeds my feet, who moves my
hands,

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Who strengthens, comforts, guides,
 commands,
Whose presence gives me rest.

He dwells within my soul,
 He swept away the filth and gloom ;
 He garnished fair the empty room,
And now pervades the whole."

And you shall go on knowing more
and better until the day dawn and the
shadows flee away.

Of the twenty incidents referred to three do not directly mention the cloud, and in two others it is over the mount, with its characteristics much intensified. The references are given for those who will want to get closer up to this famous illustration.

Guidance : Ex. xiii. 21-22, with Numbers xiv. 14.

Bodily nourishment : Ex. xv. 25 ; xvi. 13-14, 45 ; xvii. 6 ; Numbers xi. 31-32 ; xx. 1-12.

Protection from bodily harm : The nation—Ex. xiv. 19-20. The leaders—Num. xiv. 10 and on ; xvi. 19 and on ; 42 and on ; xx. 1-12.

Defeat of an enemy : Ex. xiv. 24-31 ; xvii. 8-16.

Chiding : Ex. xvi. 4-7, 10-12.

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Rebuke or punishment for sin : Numbers xi. 33 ; xii. 1-10 ; xiv. 10 and on ; xvi. 19 and on, 42 and on ; xx. 1-12.

Held back from wrong : Numbers xiv. 10 and on ; xvi. 19 and on, 42 and on ; xx. 1-12.

Instruction and training : Ex. xix. 9, 16 and on ; xxiv. 15-18.

Fuller manifestation : Ex. xxxiv. 5 and on. ; xl. 34-38 ; Lev. ix. 6, 23.

Special plan of relief in management : Numbers xi. 16, 17, 25.

Coming nearer : Ex. xxxiii. 7-11, revised version.

MAKING AND BREAKING
CONNECTIONS

Many Experiences, But One Law.

In mechanics power depends on good connections. A visit to any great machine shop makes that clear. There must be good connections in two directions—inward toward the source of power, and outward for use. The same law holds true in spiritual power as in mechanical. There must be good connections.

These nights we have been together a few things have seemed clear. We have seen that from the standpoint of our lives there is *need* of power, as well as from the standpoint of the Master's use of us among others. Jesus' promise and insistent words make plain the *necessity* of our having power if His plan for us is not to fail: His words about the *price* of power have set many of us to doing some honest thinking and heart-searching. And we have got some suggestion, too, of the

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meaning of that word power, and of the *personality* back of the word.

To-night I want to talk with you a little about how to secure good connections between the source of power and the channel through which it is to flow out to others ; and, once secured, how to preserve the connections unbroken.

It has been one of the peculiar characteristics of recent years in religious circles that much has been spoken and written about the Holy Spirit. Thousands of persons have been led into a clearer understanding of His personality and mission, and into intimate relationship with Himself. And yet, may I say frankly, that I read much and listened to much without being able to get a simple workable understanding of how I was to receive the much-talked-of baptism of power. That may quite likely have been due to my own dulness of comprehension. But whatever the cause, my failing to understand led to a rather careful study of the old Book

MANY EXPERIENCES

itself until somewhat clearer light has come. And now in this convention I am anxious to put the truth as simply as I may that others may not blunder and bungle along and lose precious time as I have done.

Many an earnest heart, conscious of weakness and failure, is asking, How may I have power to resist temptation, and live a strong, useful, Christian life? In the search for an answer some of us have run across two difficulties. One of these is in *other people's experiences*. It is very natural to try to find out how someone else has succeeded in getting what we are after. Many a godly man has told of his experience of waiting and pleading with God before the thing he sought came. Personal experiences are intensely interesting, and often helpful. But there are apt to be as many different sorts of experiences as there are persons. Yet there is one unchanging law of God's dealing with men underlying them all. But unless one is more skilled

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than many of us are in analysing experiences and discovering the underlying law, these experiences of others are often misleading. We are so likely to think at once of the desirability of having the same experience as someone else, rather than trying to find God's law of spirit life in them. And so, many of the written experiences have clouded rather than cleared the sky. We should rather *first* try to get something of a clear understanding of God's law of dealing with men as a sort of basis to build upon. And then fit into that, even though it may develop differently in our circumstances. We may then get much help from others' experiences. If possible, we want to-night to get something of an inkling of that law.

Another difficulty that has bothered some of us is in the great variety of language used in speaking of this life of power; a variety that seems confusing to some of us. "The baptism of the Holy Spirit," "the induement," "the filling," "refilling,"

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“many fillings,” “special anointings”—these terms are familiar, though just the distinctive meaning of each is not always clear. Let us look a little at the language of the Book at this point. A run through the New Testament brings out five leading words used in speaking of the Holy Spirit’s relation to us. These words are “baptized,” “filled,” “anointed,” “sealed,” and “earnest.” It seems to take all five words to tell all of the truth. Each gives a different side.

The word *baptized* is the distinctive word always used *before* the day of Pentecost, in speaking of what was to occur then. It is not used afterward except in referring back to that day. It belongs peculiarly to the day of Pentecost. Each of the gospels tells that John the Baptist said that Jesus was to baptize with the Holy Spirit. Jesus Himself uses the word during the forty days in Acts, first chapter. Peter, in Acts, eleventh chapter, recalls this remark. Paul uses it once in referring

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back to Pentecost.¹ These seem to be the only instances where the word is used in speaking of the Holy Spirit. One other word is used once in advance of Pentecost. "Tarry until ye be *endued* or clothed upon."² We shall see in a few moments that the meaning of this fits in with the meaning of baptized, emphasizing one part of its meaning.

"Baptized" may be called the *historical* word. It describes an act done once for all on that great day of Pentecost, with possibly four accessory repetitions to make clear that additional classes and groups were included.³ It tells God's side.

In this connection it will be helpful to

¹ 1 Cor. xii. 13.

² Luke xxiv. 49.

³ That is to make perfectly plain that this experience was for *all*: a very difficult fact for these intensely Jewish disciples to grasp.

(1) Not limited to the original one hundred and twenty, but for the whole body of Jewish disciples—Acts iv.

(2) The hated half-breed Samaritans—Acts viii.

(3) The "dogs" of Gentiles—Acts x.

(4) Individual disciples *anywhere*, and at any distance in time from Pentecost—Acts xix.

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note the significance of the word baptise. Of course you will understand that I am not speaking now of the mode of water baptism. But I am supposing that originally or historically the word means a plunging or dipping into. We commonly think of the act of immersion-baptism from the side of the object immersed because the action is on the side of the thing or person which is plunged down into the immersing flood. But in the historical baptism of the Holy Spirit at Pentecost the standpoint is reversed. Instead of a plunging down into there is a coming down upon, exactly reversing the order with which we are familiar, but with the same result—submersion. Notice the phrases in Acts used in describing the baptism of the Holy Spirit on that historical Pentecost: “Coming upon you,” “pour out,” “poured forth,” “fallen upon,” “fell upon,” “poured out,” “fell on them,” “came upon,”¹ all suggesting an act from above.

¹ Acts i. 8; ii. 17, 33; viii. 15; x. 45; xix. 6.

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A Four-Sided Truth.

Now notice that the word used at the time of the actual occurrence and afterwards is another word—"filled" and "full," which occurs eleven times in the first nine chapters of Acts. It tells what was *experienced* by those persons at Pentecost and afterwards. It describes *their* side. Baptism was the *act*; filling was the *result*. If you plunge a book into water you are submerging the book: that is your side. The leaves of the Book quickly become soaked, filled with the water: that is the other side. When a baby is born it is plunged out into the atmosphere. That is an immersion into air. It begins at once to cry and its lungs become filled with the air into which it has been plunged. So here "filled" is the *experience* word; it tells our side.

The third word, "*anointed*," indicates the *purpose* of this filling; it is to qualify for living and for service. It is the word commonly used in the Old Testament for

A FOUR-SIDED TRUTH

the setting apart of the tabernacle to its holy use ; and of priests and kings, and sometimes prophets for service and leadership. In the New Testament it is four times used of Jesus, each time in connection with His public ministry.¹ Paul uses it of himself in answering those who had criticised his work and leadership at Corinth.² And John uses it twice in speaking of ability to discern and teach the truth.³ It is the *power* word, indicating that the Holy Spirit's coming is for the specific purpose of setting us apart, and to qualify us for right living, and for acceptable and helpful service.

The fourth word, "*sealed*," explains our personal connection with the Lord Jesus. It is used once by Paul in writing to his friends at Corinth, and twice in the Ephesian epistle.⁴ The seal was used, and still is to mark ownership. In our lumber regions up in the north-west it is custom-

¹ 1 Luke iv. 18, quo. from Isa. lxi. 1. ² Acts iv. 27.
³ Acts x. 38. ⁴ Heb. i. 9, quotation from Ps. xlv. 7.

² 2 Cor. i. 21.

³ 1 John i. 20, 27.

⁴ 2 Cor. i. 22. Eph. i. 13 ; iv. 30.

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ary to clear a small spot on a log and strike it with the blunt edge of a hatchet containing the initials of the owner, and then send it adrift down the stream with hundred of others, and though it may float miles unguarded, that mark of ownership is respected. On the western plains it is common to see mules with an initial branded on the flank. In both cases the initial is the owner's seal, recognised by law as sufficient evidence of ownership. So the Holy Spirit is Jesus' ownership mark stamped upon us to indicate that we belong to Him. He is our sole Owner. And if any of us are not allowing Him to have full control of His property, we are dealing dishonestly. Sealed is the *property* or *ownership* word.

The last one of these words, "*earnest*," is a peculiarly interesting one. It is found three times in Paul's epistles.¹ An earnest is a pledge given in advance as an evidence of good faith. We are familiar with

¹ 2 Cor. i. 22 ; v. 5. Eph. i. 14.

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the usage of paying down a small part of the price agreed upon to make a business transaction binding. In old English it is called caution money. My mother has told me of seeing her mother pay a shilling in the Belfast market-house to insure the delivery of a bag of potatoes, paying the remainder on its delivery. Now, here the Holy Spirit is called "the earnest of our inheritance unto the redemption of the purchased possession." That means two things to us : First—that the Holy Spirit now filling us is Jesus' pledge that He has purchased us, and that some day He is coming back to claim His possessions : and then that the measure of the Spirit's presence and power now is only a foretaste of a greater fulness at the time of coming back ; a sort of partial advance payment which insures a payment in full when the transaction is completed. Paul speaks of this to the Romans as the *first fruits* of the spirit.¹

¹ Romans viii. 23.

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So, if you will take all five words you will get all of the truth about our friend the Holy Spirit, and just what His coming into one's life means. The first word, "baptism," is the *historical* word, pointing us back to the day of Pentecost. The other four words, taken together, tell us the four sides of the Holy Spirit's relation to us now. "Filled" is the *experience* word, pointing us inward to what actually takes place there. "Anointed" is the *power* word, pointing us outward to the life and service among men to which we are set apart. "Sealed" is the *personal-relation* word, pointing us upward to our Owner and Master. "Earnest" is the *prophetic* word, pointing us forward to the Master's coming back to claim His own, and to bestow the full measure of the Spirit's presence.

And to-night we want to get some hint of how to have this infilling, which shall also be an anointing of power and a seal of ownership and an earnest of greater things at Jesus' return.

BROKEN COUPLINGS

Broken Couplings.

But perhaps someone is saying, "Haven't we all received the Holy Spirit if we are Christians?" Yes, that is quite true. It is the Holy Spirit's presence in us that makes us Christians. His work begins at conversion. Conversion and regeneration are the two sides of the same transaction. Conversion, the human side: regeneration, the divine side. My turning clear around to God is my side, and instantly His Spirit enters and begins His work. But here is a distinction to be made: the Holy Spirit is in every Christian, but in many He is not allowed free and full control, and so there is little or none of His power *felt* or *seen*. Only as He has full sway is His power *manifest*. If at the time of conversion or decision there is clear instruction and a whole-hearted surrender, there will be evidence of the Spirit's presence at once. And if the new life goes on without break there

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will be a continuance of that power in ever-increasing measure. But many a time, through ignorance, or through some disobedience or failure to obey, there has come a break, a slipping of a cog somewhere, and so an interruption of the flow of power. Many a time lack of instruction regarding the cultivation of the Spirit's friendship has resulted in just such a break. And so a new start is necessary. Then a full surrender is followed by a new experience or, shall I say, a re-experience of the Spirit's presence. And this new experience sometimes is so sharply marked as to begin a new epoch in the life. Some of the notable leaders of the Church have gone through just such an experience.

Yet, I know a man—have known him somewhat intimately for years—one of the most saintly men it has been my privilege to know. For some years he was a missionary abroad, but now is preaching in this country. His private personal life is fragrant, and his public speech is always

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accompanied with rare power. In conversation with a young minister at a summer conference, he said he had never known this second blessing or experience on which such stress was being laid there. And I can readily understand that he had not. For, apparently, so far as one can see, his first surrender or decision had been a whole-hearted one. He had followed simply, fully, as he saw the way. There had been no break but a steady going on and up, and an ever-increasing manifestation of the Spirit's presence from the time of that first decision. So that it may be said, quite accurately, I think, that *in God's plan* there is no need of any second stage, but *in our actual experience* there has been a second stage, and sometimes more than a second, too, because with so many of us the connections have been broken, making a fresh act on our part a necessity.

MAKING AND BREAKING

The Real Battlefield.

But now the main topic we are to talk about is making and breaking connections. First, making connections with the source of power. How may one who has been willing to go thus far in these talks go a step farther and have power in actual *conscious* possession?

There are many passages in this old Book that answer that question. But let me turn you to one which puts the answer in very simple shape. John's gospel, seventh chapter, verses thirty-seven to thirty-nine. Listen: "Now, on the last day, the great day of the feast, Jesus stood and cried, saying, if any man thirst, let him come unto Me and drink. He that believeth on Me, as the Scripture hath said, out of his belly shall flow rivers of living water." Then John, writing some fifty years or so afterwards, adds what he himself did not understand at the time: "But this spake He of the Spirit who they

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that believed on Him were to receive ; for not yet was the Spirit, because not yet was Jesus glorified."

There are four words here which tell the four steps into a new life of power. Sometimes these steps are taken so quickly that they seem in actual experience like only one. But that does not matter to us just now, for we are after the practical result. Four words—thirst, glorified, drink, believe—tell the whole story. Thirst means desire, intense desire. There is no word in our language so strong to express desire as the word thirst. Physical thirst will completely control your actions. If you are very thirsty, you can do nothing till that gnawing desire is satisfied. You cannot read, nor study, nor talk, nor transact business. You are in agony when intensely thirsty. To die of thirst is extremely painful. Jesus uses that word thirst to express intensest desire. Let me ask you—Are you thirsty for power? Is there a yearning down in your heart for

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something you have not? That is the first step. No good to offer food to a man without appetite. "Blessed are they that hunger and thirst." Pitiably are they that need and do not know their need. Physicians find their most difficult work in dealing with the man who has no desire to live. He is at the lowest ebb. Are you thirsty? There is a special promise for thirsty ones. "I will pour water on him that is thirsty." If you are not thirsty for the Master's power, are you thirsty to be made thirsty? If you are not really thirsty in your heart for this new life of power, you might ask the Master to put that thirst in you. For there can be nothing before that.

The second word is the one added long afterwards by John, when the Spirit had enlightened his understanding — "glorified." "For not yet was the Spirit, because not yet was Jesus glorified." That word has two meanings here: the first meaning a historical one, the second a

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personal or experimental one. The first meaning is this : When Jesus returned home all scarred in face and form from His trip to the earth, He was received back with great enthusiasm, and was glorified in the presence of myriads of angel beings by being enthroned at the Father's right hand. Then the glorified Jesus sent the Holy Spirit down to the earth as His own personal representative for His new peculiar mission. The presence of the Spirit in our hearts is evidence that the Jesus whom earth despised and crucified is now held in highest honour and glory in that upper world. The Spirit is the gift of a *glorified* Jesus. Peter lays particular stress upon this in his Pentecost sermon, telling to those who had so spitefully murdered Jesus that He "being at the right hand of God *exalted* . . . hath poured forth." That is the historical meaning—the first meaning—of that word "glorified." It refers to an event in the highest heaven after Jesus' ascension. The

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personal meaning is this : When Jesus is glorified in my life the Holy Spirit shall fill me. The Father glorified Jesus by enthroning Him. I must glorify Him by enthroning Him. But the throne of my heart was occupied by another who did not propose to resign, nor to be deposed without resistance. So there had to be a dethronement as well as an enthronement. I must quietly but resolutely place the crown of my life, my love, my *will* upon Jesus' brow for Him henceforth to control me as He will. That act of enthroning Him carries with it the dethronement of self.

Let me say plainly that here is *the* searching test of the whole matter. *Why* do you want power? For the rare enjoyment of ecstatic moods? For some hidden selfish purpose, like Simon of Samaria, of which you are perhaps only half conscious, so subtly does it lurk underneath? That you may be able to move men? These motives are all selfish.

THE REAL BATTLEFIELD

The streams turn in, and that means a dead sea. Better stop before you begin. For thy heart is not right before God. But if the uppermost and undermost desire be to glorify Jesus and let Him do with you *what He chooses*, then you shall know the flooding of the channel-ways of your life with a new stream of power.

Jesus Himself, when down here as Son of Man, met this test. With reverence be it said that His highest purpose in coming to earth was not to die upon the cross, but to glorify His Father. That memorable passage opening the sixty-first chapter of Isaiah, which Jesus applied to Himself in the Nazareth synagogue, contains eight or nine statements of what He was to do, but closes with a comprehensive statement of the underlying purpose—“*that He might be glorified.*” As it turned out, that could best be done by yielding to the awful experiences through which He passed. But the supreme thought of pleasing His Father was never absent

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from His thought. It drove Him to the wilderness, and to Gethsemane, and to Calvary.

Is that the one desire in your heart in desiring power? He might send some of us out to the far-off foreign mission field, He might send some down to the less enchanted field of the city slums to do salvage service night after night among the awful social wreckage thrown upon the strand there; or possibly it would mean an isolated post out on the frontier, or down in the equally heroic field of the mountains of the South. He might leave some of you just where you are, in a commonplace, humdrum spot, as you think, when your visions had been in other fields. Here is the real battlefield. The fighting and agonising are here. Not with God but with yourself, that the old self in you may be crucified and Jesus crowned in its place.

Will you *in the purpose of your heart* make Jesus absolute monarch whatever

POWER MANIFEST IN ACTION

that may prove to mean? It *may* mean great sacrifice ; it *will* mean greater joy and power at once. May we have the simple courage to do it. Master, help us ! Thou wilt help us. Thou art helping some of us now as we talk and listen and think.

Power Manifest in Action.

Well, then, if you have won on that field of action, the rest is very simple. Indeed, after a victory there, your whole life moves up to a new level. The third word is "drink." "Let him come unto Me *and drink.*" Drinking is one of the easiest acts imaginable. I wish I had a glass of water here just to let you see how easy a thing it is. Tip up the glass, and let the water run in and down. Drink simply means *take*. It is saying, "Lord Jesus, I take from Thee the promised power. . . . I thank Thee that the Spirit has taken full control." But you

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say, "Is that all?" Yes. "Why, I do not feel anything." Do you remember saying something like that when you were urged to take Jesus as your Saviour? And some kind friend told you not to wait for feeling, but to trust, and that when you did that, the light came! Now, the fourth word is *believe*. The law of God's dealing with you has not changed. Jesus says, "Out of his belly *shall flow* rivers of living water." You are to believe His word. "But," you say, "how shall I *know* I have this power?" Well, first, by *believing* that Jesus has done what He agreed. He promised the Spirit to them that obey Him. The Holy Spirit fills every surrendered heart. Then there is a second way — you will experience the power as need arises. How do you know *any*-thing? Here is this chair. Suppose I tell you I have power to pick it up and hold it out at arm's length. Well, you think, I look as though I might have that much power in my arm. But you do not

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know. Perhaps my arm is weak and does not show it. But now I pick it up and hold it out—(holding chair out at arm's length)—now you *know* I have at least that much power in my arm. Power is always manifest in action. That is a law of power. How did that man by the pool of Bethesda in Jerusalem, who had not walked for thirty-eight years—how did he *know* that he had received power to walk? *He got up and walked!* He did not know he had received the power till he got up. Power is shown in action always. Faith acts. It pushes out, in obedience to command. And as you go out of here to-day, *as the need arises* you will find the power rising within you to meet it. When the hasty word comes hot to your lips, when that old habit asserts itself, when the actual test of sacrifice comes, when the opportunity for service comes, as surely as the need comes, will come the sense of *His power* in control. "Believe" means *expect*.

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“Thirst,” “glorify,” “drink,” “believe,”—*desire, enthrone, accept, expect*—that is the simple story. Are you thirsty? Will you put Jesus on the throne? Then accept, and go out with your eyes open, expecting, expecting, *expecting*, and He will never fail to reveal His power. Shall we bow in silence a few moments and settle the matter, each of us, with the Master direct?

Three Laws of Continued Power.

Power depends on good connections. In mechanics: the train with the locomotive; the machinery with the engine; the electrical mechanism with the power house. In the body: the arm with the socket; the brain with the heart. In the Christian life the follower of Jesus with the Spirit of Jesus. We have been talking together about making connections, and I believe some of us have made the vital connection this hour, which means new inflow and outflow of power.

LAWS OF CONTINUED POWER

Now there will be time for only a brief word about *breaking* connections. "But," you say, "we do not want to break connections." No, *you* do not. But there is someone else who does. Since you have put yourself into intimate contact with Jesus this someone else has become intensely interested in breaking that contact. And this enemy of ours, this Satan, the hater, is subtle and deep and experienced and more than a match for any of us. But greater is He that is now in you than he that is in the world. Satan will do his best by bold attack and cunning deceit to tamper with your couplings.

One of the saddest sights, and yet a not uncommon one, is to see a man who has been mightily used of God, but whose usefulness is now wholly gone. One can run back through only recent years and recall, one after another, those through whom multitudes were blessed, but who, yielding to some subtle temptation, have utterly and forever lost their opportunity of service.

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The same is true of scores in more secluded circles whose lives, spiritually blighted and dwarfed, tell the same sad story.

These recent instances are but repetitions of older ones. Three times the writer of Judges tells of Samson that "the spirit of the Lord came mightily upon him," and then is added the pathetic sentence—"but he wist not that the Lord was departed from him." And between the two occurs the story of an act of disobedience. Twice the same thing is recorded of King Saul, "the spirit of God came mightily upon him," and the same sequel follows, "the spirit of the Lord had departed." And between the two is found an act of disobedience to God's command. The ninth of Luke tells a similar story. The disciples had been given power; had used the power for others; were requested to relieve a demonized boy; had tried to; had expected to; but utterly failed, to their own chagrin, and the father's disappointment, amid the criticism and surprise of

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the crowd. The Master explains that a slipshod connection with God was at the bottom of their failure. Power is not stored in us apart from God's presence. It merely passes through as He has sway. Once the connection between Him and you is disturbed, the flow of power is interrupted. We do not run on the storage battery plan, but on the trolley plan. Constant communication with the source of power is absolutely essential. The spirit of God never leaves us. We do not lose His presence. But whatever grieves Him prevents His presence being manifest. The *evidence* of His presence may be lost through wrongdoing. So I want to give you in very brief compass *the three laws* of the life of power—continued and increasing power. I wish someone had given them to me long ago. It might have saved me many a bad break.

The first law can be put in a single word—*obey*. Obedience is the great foundation law of the Christian life. Indeed it is the common fundamental law of all

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organization, in nature, in military, naval, commercial, political and domestic circles. Obedience is the great essential to securing the purpose of life. Disobedience means disaster. If you turn to Scripture you must read almost every page if you would get all the statements and illustrations of obedience and its opposite. Begin with the third of Genesis, where the first disastrous act of disobedience brought a ruin still going on. Run through the three wilderness books, where the new nation is grouped about the smoking mountain. Listen in Deuteronomy to the old man Moses talking during the thirty days' conference they had in Moab's plains before he was taken away. Then into Joshua's book of victory and the Judges' dark story of defeats, through the kingdom books, and the prophecies, and you will find the changes rung more frequently upon *obedience* than anything else. The same is true of the New Testament clear to the last column of the last page.

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The fact is, every heart is a battlefield whose possession is being hotly contested. If Jesus is in possession Satan is trying his best by storm or strategy to get in. If Satan be in possession whether as a coarse or a cultured Satan, then Jesus is lovingly storming the door. Satan *can* not get in without your consent, and Jesus *will* not. An act of obedience to God is slamming the door in Satan's face, and opening it wider for Jesus' control. Listen with your heart! An act of disobedience, however slight, as *you* think, is slamming the door of your heart in Jesus' face and flinging it open to Satan's entrance. Is that mere rhetoric? It is cold fact. No, it is hot fact. The first great simple law is obedience.

But someone asks, "How shall I know what—whom, to obey? Sometimes the voices coming to my ear seem to be jarring voices; they do not agree. Pastors do not all agree: Churches are not quite agreed on practical matters: my best

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friends think differently: how shall I know?" Here comes in *the second law, Obey the book of God as interpreted by the Spirit of God.* Not the book alone. That will lead into superstition. Not the Spirit without the book He has indited. That will lead to fanaticism. But the book as interpreted by the Spirit, and the Spirit as He speaks through His book. There is a voice of God, and a Spirit of God and a book of God. God speaks by His Spirit through His word. Sometimes He speaks directly without the written word. But *very, very rarely.* He is chary of that. And then the *test* of His speaking is that, of necessity, the voice of God always agrees with itself. The spoken word is never out of harmony with the written word. And as He has given us the written word it becomes our standard of His will. This book of God was inspired. It is inspired. God spoke in it. He speaks in it to-day. You will be surprised to find how light on every

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sort of question will come through this in-Spirited book.

But someone with a practical turn of mind is thinking: "But it is such a big book. I do not know much about it. I read the psalms some, and some chapters in Isaiah and the smaller tit-bit portions here and there in the Old Testament, and the gospels and some in the epistles, but I have no grasp of the whole book; and your second law seems a little beyond me." Then *you* listen to the third law, namely: *time alone with the book daily*. It should be unhurried time. Time enough not to think about time. At least a half hour every day, I would suggest, and preferably the first half hour of the morning, rising at least early enough to get this bit of time before any duty can claim you. It may seem very difficult for some. But it is an absolute essential, for the first two laws depend on this one for their practical force.

When Joshua, trembling, was called

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upon to assume the stupendous task of being Moses' successor, God came and had a quiet talk with him. In that talk He emphasised just one thing as the secret of his new leadership. Listen: "This book of the law shall not depart out of thy mouth, but thou shalt meditate therein day and night, that thou mayest observe to do according to all that is written therein." There are the three laws straight from the lips of God, packed into a single sentence.

Let us plan to get alone with the Master daily over His word, with the door shut, other things shut out, and ourselves shut in, that we may learn His will, and get strength to do it. And when in doubt *wait*.

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God's Highest Ideal.

A flood-tide is a rising tide. It flows in and fills up and spreads out. Wherever it goes it cleanses and fertilises and beautifies. For untold centuries Egypt has depended for its very life upon the yearly flood-tide of the Nile. The rich bottom lands of the Connecticut valley are refertilised every spring by that river's flood-tide. The green beauty and rich fruitage of some parts of the Sacramento Valley, whose soil is flooded by the artificial irrigation-rivers, are in sharp contrast with adjoining unwatered portions.

The flood-tide is caused by influences from above. In the ocean and the portions of rivers under its influence by the heavenly bodies. In the rivers by the fall of rain and snow swelling successively the upper streams and lakes.

God's highest ideal for men is frequently expressed under the figure of a

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river running at flood-tide. Ezekiel's vision of the future capital of Israel gives prominence to a wonderful river gradually reaching flood-tide and exerting untold influence.

John's companion vision of the future church in the closing chapters of Revelation finds its radiating centre in an equally wonderful river of water of life. When Jesus would give a picture of a Christian man up to His ideal He exclaims, "Out of his belly shall flow rivers of living water." John's explanation years after was that He was speaking of the Holy Spirit's presence in the human life. Jesus' ideal would put our lives at the flood-tide. No ebb-tide there. No rise and fall. But a constant flowing in and filling up and flooding out.

It has been said in these talks that the companion word to surrender is mastery. My surrender to Jesus carries with it His mastery over me. We have tried to get some closer knowledge of Him who assumes

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mastery. Now, we need to get some clear idea of the *results* of His unrestrained presence. It is not surprising that there have been some mistaken ideas about the results. It has been a common supposition that somehow the baptism of the Holy Spirit is always connected with an evangelistic gift, and with marked success in soul-winning. Men have thought of Mr Moody facing great crowds, who were swayed and melted at his words, and of people in great multitudes accepting Christ. Probably the world has never had a finer illustration of a Spirit-filled man than in dear old Moody. And it is not to be wondered at that the rare evangelistic gift of service with which he was endowed and the great results attending it should be so closely allied in our minds with the Spirit-filled lifewhich he exemplified so unusually. In sharp contrast with such a conception, however, are the results in some of the Spirit-swayed men whom God used in Bible times. Isaiah was called to a service

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that was to be barren of results, and Jeremiah's was not only fruitless but with great personal peril. Jesus' public work led through a rough path to a crown of thorns and a cross. Stephen's testimony brought him a storm of stones. And Paul passed through great danger and distress to a cell, and beyond to a keen-edged axe. These are leaders among Spirit-filled men.

Paul's teaching in the Corinthian epistle helps one to a clear understanding about results. He explains that while it is one Spirit dwelling in all who acknowledge Jesus as Lord, yet the *evidence* of His presence differs widely in different persons. It is one God working all things in all persons, but with great variety in the gifts bestowed, in the service with which they are entrusted, and in the inner experiences they are conscious of.¹

What results then may be expected to follow the filling of the Holy Spirit? It may be said in a sentence that Jesus fills

¹ 1 Cor. xii. 4-6, 11.

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us with the same Spirit that filled Himself that He may work out in us His own image and ideal, *and* make use of us in His passionate reaching out after others. If we attempt to analyse these results we shall find them falling into three groups. First—results in the *life*, that is in the inner experiences, and the habits. Second—results in the *personality*, that is in the appearance, and the mental faculties. Third—results in *service*. Let us look a little at each of these.

A Transfigured Life.

Without doubt the first result experienced will be a new sense of *peace*: a glad, quiet stillness of spirit which nothing seems able to disturb. The heart will be filled with a peace still as the stars, calm as the night, deep as the sea, fragrant as the flowers.

How many thousands of lips have lovingly lingered over those sweet strong words: "the peace of God, which passeth

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all understanding, shall guard your heart and thought in Christ Jesus." It is God's peace. It acts as an armed guard drawn up around heart and thoughts to keep unrest out. It is too subtle for intellectual analysis, but it steals into and steadies the heart. You cannot understand it but you can feel it. You cannot get hold of it with your head, but you can with your heart. You do not get it. It gets you. You need not understand in order to experience. Blessed are they that have not understood and yet have yielded and experienced.

“Peace beginning to be
Deep as the sleep of the sea
When the stars their faces glass
In its blue tranquillity :
Hearts of men upon earth
That rested not from their birth
To rest, as the wild waters rest,
With the colours of heaven on their
breast.”

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With that will come a new intense longing to do the Master's will ; to *please Him*. As the days come and go this will come to be the master-passion of this new life. It will drive one with a new purpose and zest to studying the one book which tells His will. That book becomes literally the book of books to the Spirit-dominated man.

With that will come a new desire to talk with his new Master, who talks to you in His word, and is ever at your side sympathetically listening. His book reveals Himself. And better acquaintance with Him will draw you oftener aside for a quiet talk. The *pleasure* of praying will grow by leaps and bounds. Nothing so inspires to prayer as reverent listening to His voice. Frequent use of the ears will result in more frequent use of the voice in prayer and praise. And more : Prayer will come to be a part of service. Intercession will become a life mission.

But I must be frank enough to tell you

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of another result, which is as sure to come as these—*there will be conflict*. You will be tempted more than ever. Temptations will come with the subtlety of a snake ; with the rush of a storm ; with the unexpected swiftness of a lightning flash. The act of surrender to Jesus is a notice of fight. You have changed masters, and the discarded master does not let go easily. He is a trained, toughened fighter. You will think that you never had so many temptations, so strong, so subtle, so trying, so unexpected. But listen—*there will be victory !* Truth goes in pairs. You will be tempted. The devil will attend to that. That is one truth. Its companion truth is this ; you will be victorious over temptation. Your new Master will attend to that. Great and cunning and strong is the tempter. Do not underrate him. But greater is He that is in you. You cannot overrate Him. He got the victory at every turn during those thirty-three years, and will get it for you as many years and

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turns as shall make out the span of your life. Your one business will be to let Him have full control.

Still another result, of the surprising sort, will be a new feeling about *sin*. There will be an increased and increasing *sensitiveness* to sin. It will seem so hateful. You will shrink from contact with it. There will also be a growing sense of the *sinfulness* of that old heart of yours, even while you may be having constant victory over temptation. Then, too, there will grow up a yearning, oh! such a heart-yearning as cannot be told in words, *to be pure*, really pure in heart.

A seventh result will be an intense desire to get others to know your wonderful Master. A desire so strong, gripping you so tremendously, that all thought of sacrifice will sink out of sight in its achievement. He is such a Master! so loving, so kind, so wondrous! And so many do not know Him; have wrong ideas about Him. If they only *knew*

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Him—that surely would settle it. And probably these two—the desire to please Him, and the desire to get others to know Him will take the *mastery* of your ambition and life.

The All-Inclusive Passion.

But all of these and much more is included in one of Paul's packed phrases which may properly be read, "the *love* of God hath *flooded* our hearts through the Holy Spirit given unto us."¹ The all inclusive result is *love*. That marvellous tender passion—the love of God—heightless, depthless, shoreless, shall *flood* our hearts, making us as gentle and tender-hearted, and self-sacrificing and gracious as He. Every phase of life will become a phase of love. Peace is love resting. Bible study is love reading its lover's letters. Prayer is love keeping tryst. Conflict with sin is love jealously fighting

¹ Rom. v. 5.

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for its lover. Hatred of sin is love shrinking from that which separates from its lover. Sympathy is love tenderly feeling. Enthusiasm is love burning. Hope is love expecting. Patience is love waiting. Faithfulness is love sticking fast. Humility is love taking its true place. Modesty is love keeping out of sight. Soul-winning is love pleading.

Love is revolutionary. It radically changes us, and revolutionises our spirit toward all others. Love is democratic. It ruthlessly levels all class distinctions. Love is intensely practical. It is always hunting something to do. Paul lays great stress on this outer practical side. Do you remember his "fruit of the Spirit?"¹ It is an analysis of love. While the first three—love, joy, peace—are emotions within, the remaining six are outward toward others. Notice, long suffering, gentleness, goodness, faithfulness, meekness, and then the climax is reached in

¹ Gal. v. 22, 23.

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the last—self-control. And in this great love passage in the first Corinthian epistle,¹ he picks out four of these last six and shows further just what he means by love in its practical working in the life. Long suffering is repeated, and so is kindness or goodness. Faithfulness is reproduced in “never faileth.” Then self-control receives the emphasis of an eight-fold repetition of “nots.” Listen—“Envieth not,” “boasteth not,” “not puffed up,” “not unseemly,” “seeketh not (even) her own,” “is not provoked,” “taketh not account of evil” (in trying to help others, like Jesus’ word “despairing of no man”),² “rejoiceth not in unrighteousness” (that is when the unrighteous is punished, but instead feels sorry for him). What tremendous power of self-mastery in those “nots!” Then the positive side is brought out in four “all’s”; two of them—the first and last—passive qualities, “beareth all things,” “endureth all things.”

¹ Cor. xiii.

² Luke vi. 35 (R. V.), margin.

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And in between, two active "hopeth all things," "believeth all things." The passive qualities doing sentinel duty on both sides of the active. These passive traits are intensely active in their passivity. There is a busy time under the surface of those "nots" and "alls." What a wealth of underlying power they reveal! Sometimes folks think it sentimental to talk of love. Probably it is of some stuff that shuffles along under that name. But when the Holy Spirit talks about it, and fills our hearts with it there is seen to be an intensely practical passion at work.

Love is not only the finest fruit but it is the final test of a Christian life. How many splendid men of God have seemed to lack here. What a giant of faith and strength Elijah was. Such intense indignation over sin! Such fearless denunciation! What tremendous faith gripping the very heavens! What marvellous power in prayer. Yet listen to him criticising the faithful remnant whom

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God lovingly defends against his aspersions. There seems a serious lack there. God seems to understand his need. He asks him to slip down to Horeb for a new vision of his Master. And then He revealed Himself not in whirlwind nor earthquake nor lightning. He doubtless felt at home among these tempestuous outbreaks. They suit his temper. But something startlingly new came to him in that exquisite "sound of gentle stillness," hushing, aweing, mellowing, giving a new conception of the dominant heart of his God. Some of us might well drop things, and take a run down to Horeb.

I know an earnest scholarly minister with strong personality, and fearless in his preaching against sin, but who seems to lack this spirit of love. He is so cuttingly critical at times. The other ministers of his town whom he might easily lead, shy off from him. There is no magnetism in the edge of a razor. His critical spirit can be felt when his lips are

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shut. I recall a woman, earnest, winsome when she chooses, an intelligent Bible student, keen-scented for error, a generous giver, but what a sharp edge her tongue has. One is afraid to get close lest it may cut.

When the Holy Ghost takes possession there is *love*, aye, more, a *flood* of it. Have you ever seen a flood? I remember one in the Schuykill during my boyhood days and how it impressed me. Those who live along the valley of that treacherous mountain stream, the Ohio, know something of the power of a flood. How the waters come rushing down, cutting out new channels, washing down rubbish, tearing valuable property from its moorings, ruling the valley autocratically while men stand back perfectly helpless.

Would you care to have a flood-tide of love flush the channelways of your life like that? It would clean out something you have preferred keeping. It would with quiet, ruthless strength, tear some prized possessions from their moorings

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and send them adrift down stream and out. Its high waters would put out some of the fires on the lower levels. Better think a bit before opening the sluice-ways for that flood. But ah! it will sweeten and make fragrant. It will cut new channels, and broaden and deepen old ones. And what a harvest will follow in its wake. Floods are apt to do peculiar things. So does this one. It washes out the friction-grit from between the wheels. It does not dull the edge of the tongue, but washes the bitter out of the mouth, and the green out of the eye. It leaves one deaf and blind in some matters, but much keener-sighted and quicker-eared in others. Strange flood that! Would that we all knew more of it.

The Fullness of the Stature of a Man.

Now note some of the changes *in the personality* which attend the Spirit's unrestrained presence. Without doubt the

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face will change, though it might be difficult to describe the change. That Spirit within changes the look of the eye. His peace within the heart will affect the flow of blood in the physical heart, and so in turn the clearness of the complexion. The real secret of winsome beauty is here. That new dominant purpose will modulate the voice, and the whole expression of the face, and the touch of the hand, and the carriage of the body. And yet the one changed will be least conscious of it, if conscious at all. Neither Moses nor Stephen knew of their transfigured faces.

It is of peculiar interest to note the changes in the mental make-up. It may be said positively that *the original group of mental faculties remain the same*. There seems to be nothing to indicate that any change takes place in one's natural endowment. No faculty is added that nature had not put there, and certainly none removed.

But it is very clear that there is *a*

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marked development of these natural gifts, and that this change is brought about by the putting in of *a new and tremendous motive power*, which radically affects everything it touches.

Regarding this development four facts may be noted.

First fact: *Those faculties or talents which may hitherto have lain latent, unmatured, are aroused into use.* Most men have large undeveloped resources, and endowments. Many of us are one-sided in our development. We are strangers to the real possible self within, unconscious of some of the powers with which we are endowed and entrusted. The Holy Spirit, when given a free hand, works out the fullness of the life that has been put in. The change will not be in the sort but in the size, and that not by an addition but by a growth of what is there.

Moses complains that he is slow of speech and of a slow tongue. God does not promise a new tongue but that he will

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be *with* Him and *train* his tongue. Listen to him forty years after in the Moab Plain, as with brain fired, and tongue loosened and trained he gives that series of farewell talks fairly burning with eloquence. Students of oratory can find no nobler specimens than Deuteronomy furnishes. The unmatured powers lying dormant had been aroused to full growth by the indwelling Spirit of God.

Saintly Dr A. J. Gordon, whose face was as surely transfigured as was Moses' or Stephen's, used to say that in his earlier years he had no executive ability. Men would say of him, "Well, Gordon can preach but ——" intimating that he could not do much else ; not much of the practical getting of things done in his make-up. When he was offered the chairmanship of the missionary committee of the Baptist Church, he promptly declined as being utterly unfit for such a task. Finally with reluctance he accepted, and for years he guided and

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moulded with rare sagacity the entire scheme of missionary operation of the great Baptist Church of the North. He was accustomed with rare frankness and modesty to speak of the change in himself as an illustration of how the Spirit develops talents which otherwise had lain unsuspected and unused.

Second fact: *ALL faculties will be developed to the highest normal pitch.* Not only the undeveloped faculties, but those already developed will know a new life. That new presence within will sharpen the brain, and fire the imagination. It will make the logic keener, the will steadier, the executive faculty more alert.

The civil engineer will be more accurate in his measurements and calculations. The scientific man more keenly observant of facts, better poised in his generalisation upon them, and more convincing in his demonstrations. The locomotive engineer will handle his huge machine more skilfully. The road saves money in having a

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Christian hand on the throttle. The lawyer will be more thorough in his sifting of evidence, and more convincing in the planning of his cases. The business man will be even more sharply alive to business. The college student can better grasp his studies, and write with stronger thought and clearer diction. The cook will get a finer flavour into the food. And so on to the end of the list. Why? Not by any magic, but simply and only because man was created to be animated and dominated by the Spirit of God. That is his normal condition. The Spirit of God is his natural atmosphere. The machine works best when run under the inventor's immediate direction. Only as a man—any man—is swayed by the Holy Spirit, will his powers rise to their best. And a man is not doing his best, however hardworking and conscientious, and therefore not fair to his own powers, who lives otherwise.

Third fact: *There will be a gradual*

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bringing back to their normal condition of those faculties which have been dwarfed, or warped, or abnormally developed through sin and selfishness. Sometimes these moral twists and quirks in our mental faculties are an inheritance through one or more generations. The man with excessive egotism often carries the evidence of it in the very shape of his head. But as he yields to the new Spirit dominant within, a spirit of humility, of modesty, will gradually displace so much of the other as is abnormal. The man of superficial mind will be deepened in his mental processes. The man of hasty judgment or poor judgment will grow careful in his conclusions. The lazy man will get a new lease of ambition and energy.

These results will be gradual, as all of God's processes are. Sometimes painfully gradual, and will be strictly in proportion as the man yields himself unreservedly to the control of the indwelling Spirit. And the process of doing it will be by the injection

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of a new and mighty motive power. The shallowed-minded man will have an intense desire to study God's wondrous classic so as to learn his will. And though his studies may not get much farther, yet no one book so disciplines and deepens the mind as that. The lazy man will find a fire kindling in his bones to please his Master and do something for Him, and that will burn through and burn up his indolence. The man of hasty judgment will find himself stopping to consider what his Master would desire. And the mere pause to think is a long step toward more accurate judgment. He will become a reverent student of the word of God, and nothing corrects the judgment like that.

The self-willed, headstrong man will likely have the toughest time of any. To let his own plan utterly go, and instead fit into a radically different one will shake him up terrifically. But that mighty One within will lovingly woo and move him.

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And as he yields, and victory comes, he will be delighted to find that the highest act of the strongest will is to yield to a higher will when found. He will be charmed to discover that the rarest liberty comes only in perfect obedience to perfect law.

And so every sort of man who has got some moral twist or obliquity in his mental make-up will be straightened out to the normal standard of his Maker, *as he allows Him to take full control.*

The fourth fact : *All this growth and development will be strictly along the groove of the man's natural endowment.* The natural mental bent will not be changed though the moral crooks will be straightened out. Peter's rash, self-assertive twists are corrected, but he remains the same Peter mentally. He does not possess the rare logical powers of Paul, nor the judicial administrative temper of James before the infilling, and is not endowed with either after that experience. John's

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intensity which would call down fire to burn up supposed foes is not removed but turned into another channel, and burns itself out in love. Jonathan Edwards retains and develops his marvellous faculty of metaphysical reasoning and uses it to influence men for God. Finney's intensely logical mind is not changed but fired and used in the same direction.

Moody has neither of these gifts, but has an unusually magnetic presence, and a great executive faculty which leaves its impress on his blunt direct speech. His faculties are not changed, nor added to, but developed wonderfully and used. Geo. Muller never becomes a great preacher like these three, nor an expositor, but finds his rare development in his marked administrative skill. Charles Studd remains a poor speaker with jagged rhetoric and with no organising knack, though the fire of God in his very presence kindles the flames of mission zeal in the British universities, and melts your very heart as you

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listen. Shaftesbury's mental processes show the generations of aristocratic breeding even in his costermongers' cart lovingly winning these men, or after midnight searching out the waifs of London's nooks and docks. Clough is refused by the missionary board because of his lack of certain required qualifications, and when finally he reaches the field none of these qualities appear, but his skill as an engineer gives him a hold upon thousands whom his presence and God-breathed passion for souls win to Jesus Christ. Carey's unusual linguistic talent, William Thaw's genius for business, Mary Lyon's teaching gift are not changed, but developed and used. The growth produced by the Spirit's presence is strictly along the groove of the natural gift. But note that in this great variety of natural endowment there is one trait—a moral trait, not a mental—that marks all alike, namely a pervading purpose that comes to be a passion to do God's will, and get men to

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know Him, and that everything is forced to bend to this dominant purpose. Is not this glorious unity in diversity ?

Saved and Sent to Serve.

The third group of results affects our service. We will want to serve. Love must act. We must *do* something for our Master. We must do *something* for those around us. There will be a new *spirit* of service. Its peculiar characteristic and charm will be the *heart of love* in it. Love will envelop and undergird and pervade and exude from all service. There will be a fine graciousness, a patience, a strong tenderness, an earnest faithfulness, a hopeful tirelessness which will despair of no man, and no situation.

The *sort* of service and the *sphere* of service will be left entirely to the direction of the indwelling Holy Spirit, "dividing to every man *as He will.*" There will be no choosing of a life work but a prayerful

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waiting till *His choice* is clear, and then a joyous acceptance of that. There will be no attempt to open doors, not even with a single touch or twist of the knob, but only an entering of *opened* doors.

If the work be humble, or the place lowly, or both, there will be a cheery eager using of the highest powers keyed to their best pitch. If higher up, a steady remembering that there can be no power save as the Spirit controls, and a praying to be kept from the dizziness which unaccustomed height is apt to produce. Large quantities of paper and ink will be saved. For many letters of application and endorsement will remain *unwritten*.

The Master's say-so is accepted by Spirit-led men as final. He chooses Peter to *open* the door to the outer nations, and Paul to *enter* the opened door. He chooses not an apostle but Philip to open up Samaria, and Titus to guide church matters in Crete. A miner's

SAVED AND SENT TO SERVE

son is chosen to shake Europe, and a cobbler to kindle anew the missionary fires of Christendom. Livingstone is sent to open up the heart of Africa for a fresh infusion of the blood of the Son of God. A nurse-maid, whose name remains unknown, is used to mould for God the child who became the seventh Earl of Shaftesbury, one of the most truly Spirit-filled men of the world. Geo. Muller is chosen for the signal service of re-teaching men that God still lives and actually answers prayer. Speer is used to breathe a new spirit of devotion among college students, and Mott to arouse and organise their service around the world. Geo. Williams and Robert M'Burney become the leaders, British and American, in an in-Spirited movement to win young men by thousands. An earnest woman is chosen to mother and to shape for God the tender years of earth's greatest Queen, who through character and position exerted a greater influence for righteousness than any other

THE FLOOD-TIDE OF POWER

woman. The common factor in all is the Chooser. Jesus is the Chief Executive of the Campaign through His Spirit. The direction of it belongs to Him. He knows best what each one can do. He knows best what needs to be done. He is ambitious that each of us shall be the best, and have the best. He has a plan thought out for each life, and for the whole campaign. His Spirit is in us to administer His plan. He never sleeps. He divideth to every man severally as He will. And His is a loving, wise will. It can be trusted.

A Spirit-mastered man slowly comes to understand that service now is apprenticeship-service. He is in training for the time when a King shall reign, and will need tested and trusted and trained servants. He is in college getting ready for commencement day. That *may* explain in part why some of the workers whom *we* think can be least spared, are called away in their prime. Their apprenticeship

THE MUSIC OF THE WIND-HARP

term is served. School's out. They are moved up.

The Music of the Wind Harp.

Please remember that these are *flood-tide* results. Some good people will never know them except in a very limited way. For they do not open the sluice gates wide enough to let the waters reach flood-tide. *These results will vary in degree with the degree and constancy of the yielding to the Spirit's control.* A full yielding at the start, and constantly continued will bring these results in full measure and without break, though the growth will be gradual. For it is a rising flood, ever increasing in height and depth and sweep and power. Partial surrender will mean only partial results ; the largest and finest results come only as the spirit has full control, for the work is all His, by and with our consent.

THE FLOOD-TIDE OF POWER

In one of her exquisite poems Frances Ridley Havergal tells of a friend who was given an Æolian harp which, she was told, sent out unutterably sweet melodies. She tried to bring the music by playing upon it with her hand, but found the seven strings would yield but one tone. Keenly disappointed she turned to the letter sent before the gift and found she had not noticed the directions given. Following them carefully she placed the harp in the opened window-way where the wind could blow upon it. Quite a while she waited but at last in the twilight the music came:

“ Like stars that tremble into light
Out of the purple dark, a low, sweet
note

Just trembled out of silence, antidote
To any doubt ; for never finger might
Produce that note, so different, so new ;
Melodious pledge that all He promised
should come true.

.

THE MUSIC OF THE WIND-HARP

“ Anon a thrill of all the strings :
And then a flash of music, swift and
 bright,
Like a first throb of weird Auroral light,
 Then crimson coruscations from the
 wings
Of the Pole-spirit ; then ecstatic beat,
As if an angel-host went forth on shining
 feet.

“ Soon passed the sounding starlit march,
And then one swelling note grew full and
 long,
While, like a far-off cathedral song,
 Through dreamy length of echoing aisle
 and arch
Float softest harmonies around, above,
Like flowing chordal robes of blessing and
 of love.

“ Thus, while the holy stars did shine
And listen, the Æolian marvels breathed ;
While love and peace and gratitude en-
 wreathed

THE FLOOD-TIDE OF POWER

With rich delight in one fair crown
were mine.

The wind that bloweth where it listeth
brought

This glory of harp-music—not my skill
or thought.”

And the listening friend to whom this
wondrous experience is told, who has
had a great sorrow in her life, and been
much troubled in her thoughts and plans,
replies :—

“ . . . I too have tried
My finger skill in vain. But opening now
My window, like wise Daniel, I will set
My little harp therein, and listening wait
The breath of heaven, the Spirit of our
God.”

May we too learn the lesson of the
wind-harp. For man is God's Æolian harp.
The human-taught finger skill can bring
some rare music, yet by comparison 'tis
at best but a monotone. When the in-

THE MUSIC OF THE WIND-HARP

strument is set to catch the full breathing of the breath of God, then shall it sound out the rarest wealth of music's melodies. As the life is yielded fully to the breathing of the Spirit we shall find the peace of God which passeth all understanding filling the heart ; and the power of God that passeth all resisting flooding the life ; and others shall find the beauty of God, that passeth all describing, transfiguring the face ; and the dewy fragrance of God, that passeth all comparing, pervading the personality, though most likely *we* shall not know it.

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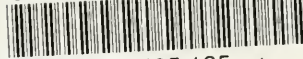
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